Crowd control adaptive to individual and group attributes

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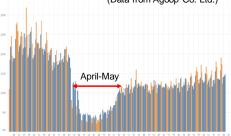
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What has been changed during pandemic?



People stay at home, and economy has deteriorated!

Pedestrians at the Shibuya center street (Data from Agoop Co. Ltd.)



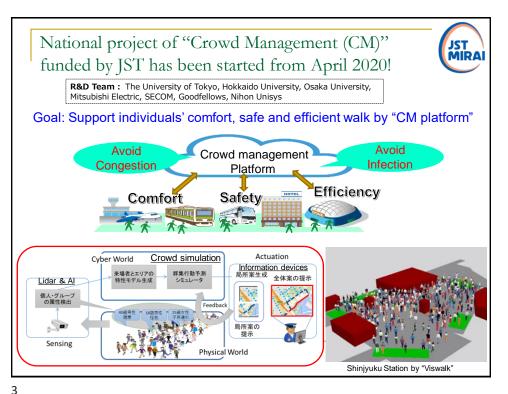
The number decreases -75% to average.

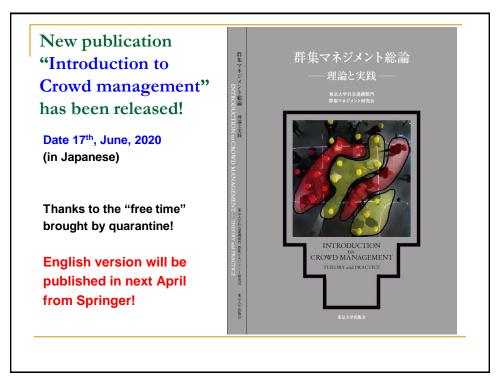
We have to solve the trade-offs between safety against virus and economic prosperity.

Crowd management becomes more and more important!

Avoid Three Cs!

- ✓ Closed spaces (with poor ventilation)
- ✓ Crowded places (with many people nearby)
- ✓ Close-contact setting (such as close-range conversations)





Crowd management under COVID-19

It is not enough to control crowd only by "density". "Keeping Distance" becomes more important.

Risk Level = usually LOS (level of service) is used. (Fruin, 1971)

LOS	walkway	steps	Queuing
Α	< 0.18	< 0.53	< 0.83
В	0.18 - 0.27	0.53 - 0.63	0.18 - 0.83
С	0.27 – 0.45	0.63 – 0.91	1.08 – 1.54
D	0.45 – 0.71	0.91 – 1.43	1.54 – 3.70
E	0.71 – 1.33	1.43 – 2	3.70 – 5.26
F	1.33 ≤	2 ≤	5.26 ≤

Tokyo 2020 =better than LOS E (in 2019)

Under Covid-19
="at least" LOS A is needed

How to control crowd under COVID-19?

- ✓ Ticket control and reservation becomes more important.
- ✓ New index instead of LOS is needed for crowd management.

Sensing distance between individuals may be possible, but it is heavy and real-time use is difficult.

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A new index of congestion

- We focus on "crossing" between individuals.
- Even if high density case, one-way pedestrians have less risk.
- Even if low density case, crossing pedestrians have high risk.



Congestion index="rotation of flow" / mean velocity



Feliciani, C. and Nishinari, K., Transportation Research Part C, vol. 91, p. 124, 2018.

Density is constant throughout the experiment.



Congestion index suddenly decreases after separation of lanes!

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Seven "knows" for Crowd Management

- 1. Know your guests: learn crowd attributes
- 2. Know accidents: learn from the past
- 3. Know current situation: sensing crowd
- 4. Know future: simulation of crowd
- 5. Know risks: planning by risk assessment
- 6. Know control methods: crowd control
- 7. Know stakeholders: information sharing and decision making



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