[Flagship Project] "Next generation laser"

Project Name Advanced Laser Innovation Center (ALICe) Project Leader The Univ. of Tokyo Teruo Fujii, Executive Director / Vice President; (acting) The Univ. of Tokyo Professor Kenichi Ishikawa (Joint research institute) ① "Science and theory enabling intelligent laser manufacturing (STELLA)" Keio Univ., RIKEN, Univ. of Electro-Communications, National Institutes for Quantum and Radiological Science and Technology(QST), Osaka Univ. ② "Attosecond lasers for next frontiers in science and technology (ATTO)" RIKEN, QST, National Institute for Materials, Science, KEK, Institute for Molecular Science, SIGMA KOKI Co., Ltd, Tokai Optical Co., Ltd, Toyama Co., Ltd etc.	
Overview Integrated <u>development of both CPS laser manufacturing (simulator)</u> capable of proposing the optimal based only on simulation in cyberspace and <u>attosecond (10⁻¹⁸) pulse lasers</u> needed for clarification of ultrafast responses of e laser-based <u>advanced measurement systems</u> .	processing parameters electrons in materials and
 Goals of R&D "Science and theory enabling intelligent laser manufacturing (STELLA)" <u>Development of CPS laser manufacturing (simulator)</u> capable of proposing the optimal processing parameters based only on simulation in cyberspace. "Attosecond lasers for next frontiers in science and technology (ATTO)" <u>Development of high-repetition and high-intensity attosecond-pulse lasers and laser-based advanced measurement systems. </u> Milestones Science and theory enabling intelligent laser manufacturing (STELLA)" Sth Year: <u>Develop AI-CPS laser manufacturing (simulator)</u> that predicts processing parameters using AI 	Cyber system Science & Theory Mesurement / Data collection (Integration of Al and Science & Theory Laser processing device Physical system Concept of CPS laser manufacturing
 2 "Attosecond lasers for next frontiers in science and technology (ATTO)" 5th Year: <u>Development of high-repetition (10kHz) & high-intensity (1GW)</u> isolated attosecond-pulse lasers 10th Year: <u>Development of prototypes of advanced measurement systems etc.</u> for fundamental and applied researches 	(simulator) development (image)
 Future strategy Promotion of a sustainable industry-academic collaboration ecosystem in cooperation with other related projects, consortiums etc. Timely implementation of R&D achievements for the benefit of society. 	Prototypes of an advanced light
Strengthening of the research infrastructure & development of human resources of the next generation	source and a measurement system
 <u>Construction of an all-Japan collaborative network system, creation of new science & Technology originating</u> <u>from Japan and strengthening of basic & fundamental researches</u> based on the established Advanced Photon Science Alliance Creation of new research areas representing the strength of Japan's research activities and <u>fostering outstanding young research</u> <u>becoming leaders of the next generation</u> in the course of the 10-year research project. <u>Establishment of a new scheme for supporting financially</u> top-level PhD students <u>as professional researchers</u>. Implementation of a new scheme for <u>hiring graduate students etc.</u> involved in research cooperation with industries as research 	e (APSA) etc. <u>chers</u> rchers.

(Basic Foundation Research) "Next generation laser" (1)

Project NameDevelopment of attosecond light functions in strongly correlated quantum materialsProject LeaderProf. Shinichiro Iwai, Graduate School of Science, Tohoku University

Overview Elucidate the non-linear attosecond (10⁻¹⁸ s) dynamics in strongly correlated quantum materials

(organic superconductors, high-temperature superconducting cuprates, Kitaev quantum spin liquids etc.) and develop their petahertz (10¹⁵) light functions.

Complementary & synergistic effects with the flagship project: Propose strategies for making use of the potential of strongly correlated quantum materials as attosecond functional materials.



Stimulated emission from a superconductor (Cooper pair)

Kitaev quantum spin liquid

Schematic image of attosecond electron dynamics in strongly correlated quantum materials

Project NameDeveloping guidelines on materials strengthening and toughening based on mechanism
of atomic scale damaging under ultrashort pulsed laser processingProject LeaderAssociate Prof. Tomokazu Sano, Graduate School of Engineering, Osaka University

Overview By clarifying mechanism of atomic scale damaging during ultrashort pulsed laser processing of materials, develop guidelines on materials strengthening and toughening that treat atomic scale damaging as a more advanced materials processing rather than as a inducing defects.

Complementary & synergistic effects with the flagship project: Development of CPS-based laser processing (simulator) for deriving laser processing parameters to obtain desired material & mechanical properties.



Grain ultra-refinement using ultrashort pulsed laser-shock wave

[Basic Foundation Research] "Next generation laser" (2)

Project Name Operando measurements using advanced beams to study the mechanism of fine structure formation

Project Leader Associate Prof. Masaki Hashida, Kyoto University Institute for Chemical Research

Overview Operando measurements using advanced beams are demonstrated for <u>studying the physical mechanism</u> of laser–matter interactions that determine the size and density of fine structures formed on substrates and for <u>constructing a laser processing platform</u> to create new surface functionality.

Complementary & synergistic effects with the flagship project: Knowledge of the fundamental physics of laser material processing to create new surface functionality enables advances in CPS (cyber-physical systems)-based laser processing (simulators).



Scope of advanced beam operando measurements

Project Name Research on basic technologies for a high-repetition attosecond pulse source driven by a free electron laser

Project Leader Senior Principal Researcher Ryoichi Hajima, National Institutes for Quantum and Radiological Science and Technology- Quantum Beam Science Research Division

Overview Generate pulse in the mid-infrared wavelength region <u>using a free electron</u> <u>laser</u> and use this for **generating** a high-repetition (more than 10 MHz) **attosecond X-ray** that <u>exceeds high-order harmonic sources by solid-state lasers.</u>



Scheme of attosecond X-ray generation

Complementary & synergistic effects with the flagship project: A technology approach different from the flagship project & realizing operations at 10 MHz or more.