# Nanomaterials for High Efficiency Energy Conversion, Energy Storage and Sustainable Energy Processes

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#### INTRODUCTION

# *IREC: new research Institute founded under trust of different governmental and private organisations:*

- Ministry of Industry
- Ministry of Science & Innovation
- Departments of Economy & Innovation of Catalan Regional Government
- Universities (Univ. Barcelona, UPC, URV)
- Companies: ENDESA (leading Spanish electrical utility company), Gas Natural (main Spanish gas energy company), AGBAR (leading water management & distribution company)

This Institute will become the Catalan Government's main reference body for channelling the promotion of technology research and development in the energy field.





**Objectives:** Development of energy efficient technologies, with special attention to 4 research lines:

- Smart Electricity Grids
- Off-shore Wind Energy
- Biofuels
- CO<sub>2</sub> capture & Storage

and 2 transverse knowledge areas:

- Power Electronics
- Advanced Materials for Energy
- Mater. & Systems for Solar Energy
- Solar Hydrogen & CO<sub>2</sub> reduction
- Nanoionics & Fuel cells
- Thermoelectrics
- Systems for Energy storage
- Rational & sustainable use of
- Energy for safety & security appl.





# Advanced Materials for Energy: Main research lines

Synthesis of nanostructured materials & devices for:

- New solar cells for 3<sup>rd</sup> generation PV technologies (with emphasis on technologies based on chalcopyrite compounds and nanostructured materials)
- Nanoionic based devices with electrolyte and electrodes defining feasible low temperatures direct and reverse fuel cell for chemical energy storage, CHESS
- > High zT thermoelectrics based on nanowires and stacked nanolayers
- Solar H<sub>2</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> reduction

#### **Future lines:**

- > Nano-materials for electrical, BEES, and thermal, TESS energy storage
- New systems for high efficient water/energy management.



## **New Solar cells for 3rd generation PV**

Previous activities (2<sup>nd</sup> generation CIS technology): Development & charact. of electrodeposition based processes for low cost high efficiency CuIn(S,Se)<sub>2</sub> solar cells (*colab. with IRDEP (Chatou, France)*)



# Control of RTP processes: absorbers with gradual composition (graded E<sub>q</sub> layers for efficiency improvement)

V. Izquierdo-Roca et a1, APL (2009)



#### New activities: low cost approaches based on synthesis of<sup>7</sup> Colloidal Nanocrystals









- Easy control of bandgap (IR-UV)
- Allow multiple layers
- New architectures: Graded/Tandem solar cells



CP alloying: control of  $E_g$  between 1 eV (CuInSe<sub>2</sub>) & 2.6 eV (CuAlSe<sub>2</sub>). (Use of tellurides: Eg down to 0.5 eV (IR region)) Quantum confinement: further increase of  $E_q$ 

> → Synthesis of absorbers with complex in-depth bandgap grading (sequential deposition of layers with different composition)

Integration of nc's in new tandem structures (higher risk)





#### New activities: Si NW's solar cells

Metal-assisted electro-less etching through nanostructured Ag catalyst films: low T synthesis of high density of Si NW's with controlled dimensions and orientation

Application: New Si technology based PV devices:

⇒ Improvement of absorption of solar light in NW array
⇒ Implementation of Au nps': efficiency enhancement
through plasmonic resonators



### Semiconducting NW's for PV devices:

Si & GaAs NW's grown by MBE (colab. with EPFL):



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### NANOIONICS

SOFC: Efficient, Fuel versatile & clean but costly and requires high temperature operation!!

Goal: find ways to lower operating temp. & cost without sacrificing power output



Alternative electrolites with controlled thicknesses from few nm: YSZ, Ceria ...

Alternative cathode & anode materials

#### Micro Solid Oxide Fuel Cells



Using this Si micromachined platform, we are also investigating on new cathode and anode materials to be applied in this nanoionic stack elements. In this, sense, special interest on double perovskites



Polyhedral view of orthorhombic perovskite structure of  $GdBaCo_2O_{5+x}$ :

Co ions are coordinated in pyramids  $(CoO_5)$  and octahedra  $(CoO_6)$  with oxygen vacancies along ( 100), i.e. in the Gd plane

➔ Improvement of oxygen transport properties in relation to non-ordered perovskites

Tarancon et al Proc SOFC 7 Lucern2006 Tarancon, A., S.J. Skinner, R.J. Chater, F. Hernandez-Ramirez, and J.A. Kilner, Journal of Materials Chemistry, 2007. 17(30): p. 3175-3181.

→ New materials are possible with high new performances





#### **Combustion CVD:** Synthesis of high surface electrode materials



# High zT thermoelectrics based on NW's & stacked nanolayers



Combining doping with surface roughness (metal assisted electroless etching)& twins (MBE) for control of electrical and thermal conductivity





## Solar H<sub>2</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> reduction

New modified TiO<sub>2</sub> nanostructures



# Synthesis of new materials for the development of innovative technologies



#### Design of an electrochemical cell





#### **Design of an electrochemical cell**



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### New activities for 2010:

➔ Nano-materials for electrical, BEES, and thermal, TESS energy storage

→ Energy and water (in collaboration with AGBAR)

- ✓ Improvement on energy efficiency of water cycle
- ✓ Use of waste from sewage treatment water plants (bioenergy) and desalinization plants (thermal storage)
- $\checkmark$  Use of renewal energies for water process
- $\checkmark$  Water for production of H<sub>2</sub>



