

State-of-the-art quantum computing technology and quantum software

Keisuke Fujii

Graduate School of Engineering Science,
Osaka University

OTRI, Quantum Information and Quantum Biology Division,
Osaka University

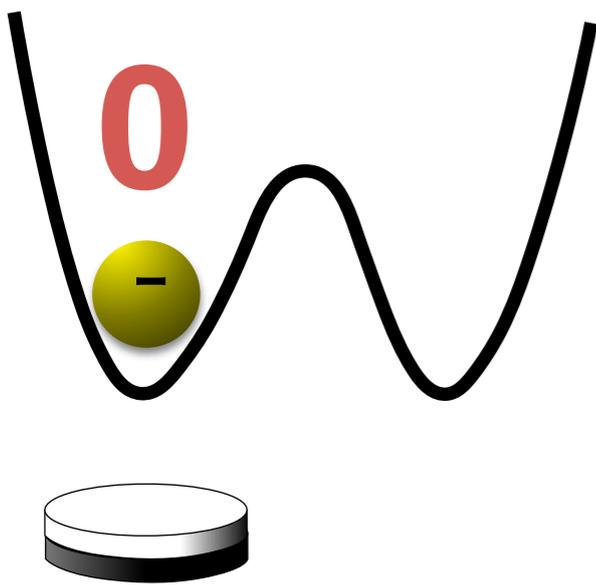
JST PRESTO



What is quantum information

Classical bit:

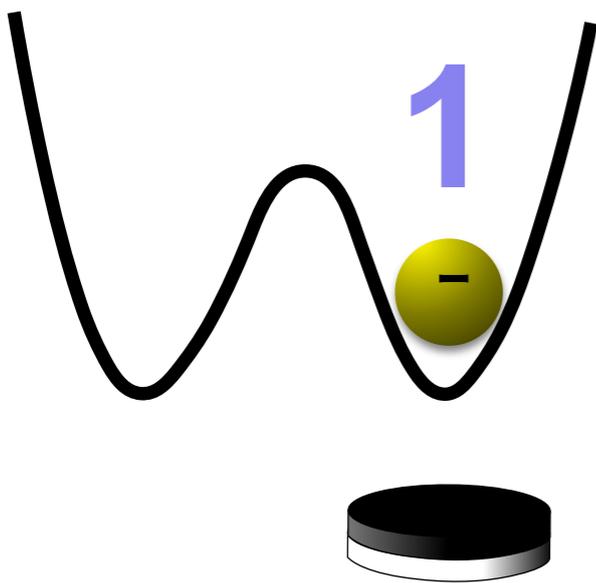
$$x \in \{0, 1\}$$



What is quantum information

Classical bit:

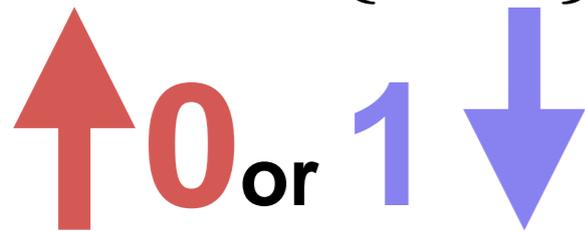
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What is quantum information

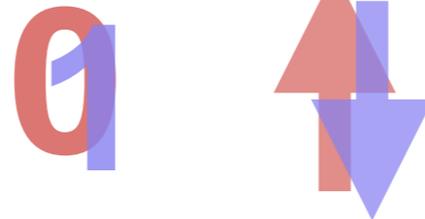
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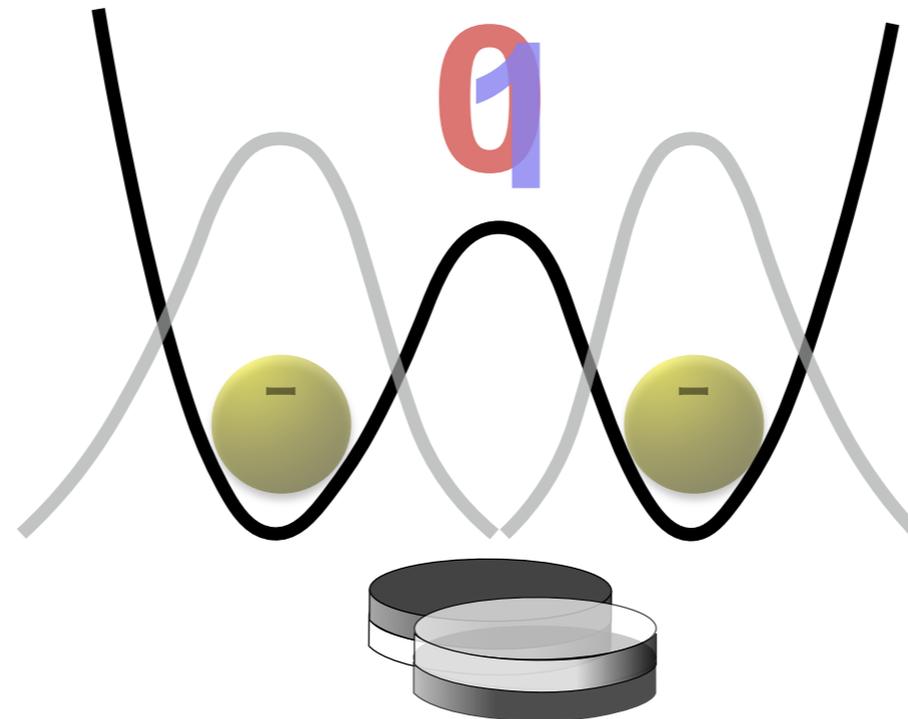
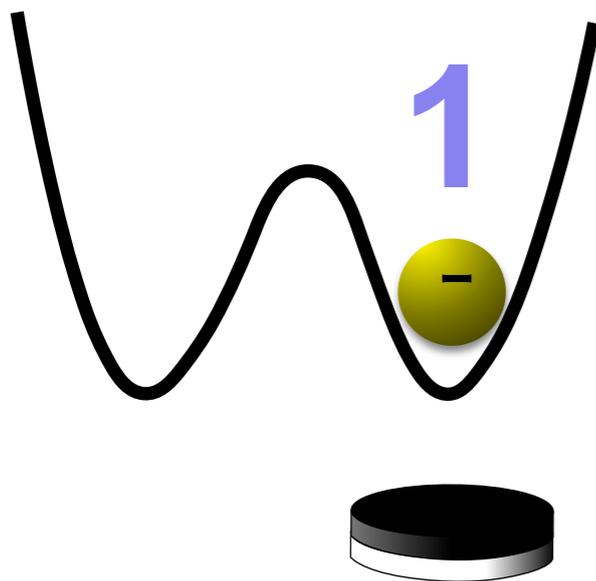


Quantum bit (qubit):

$$|\psi\rangle = \alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle$$



superposition of 0 and 1



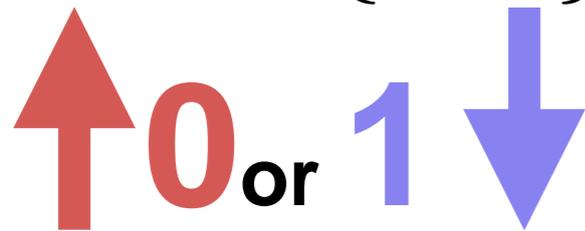
$$|\psi\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{pmatrix}$$

state vector
on complex Hilbert
(vector) space

What is quantum information

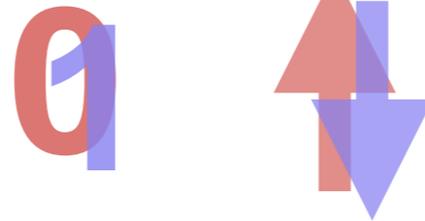
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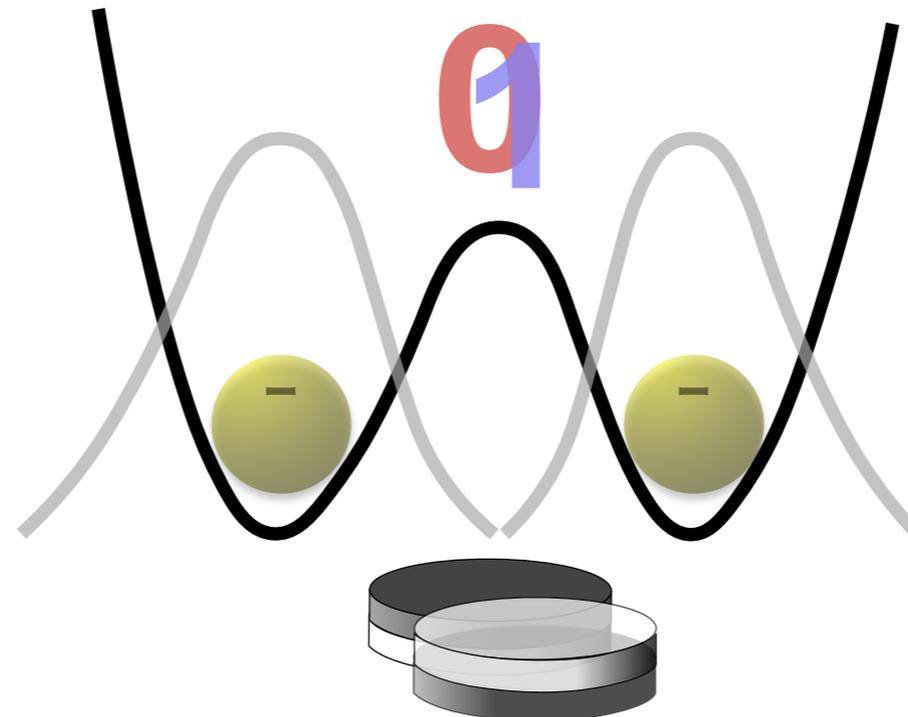
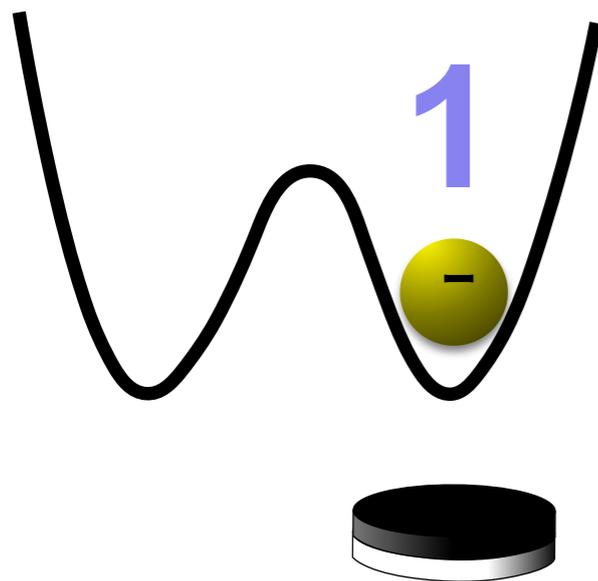


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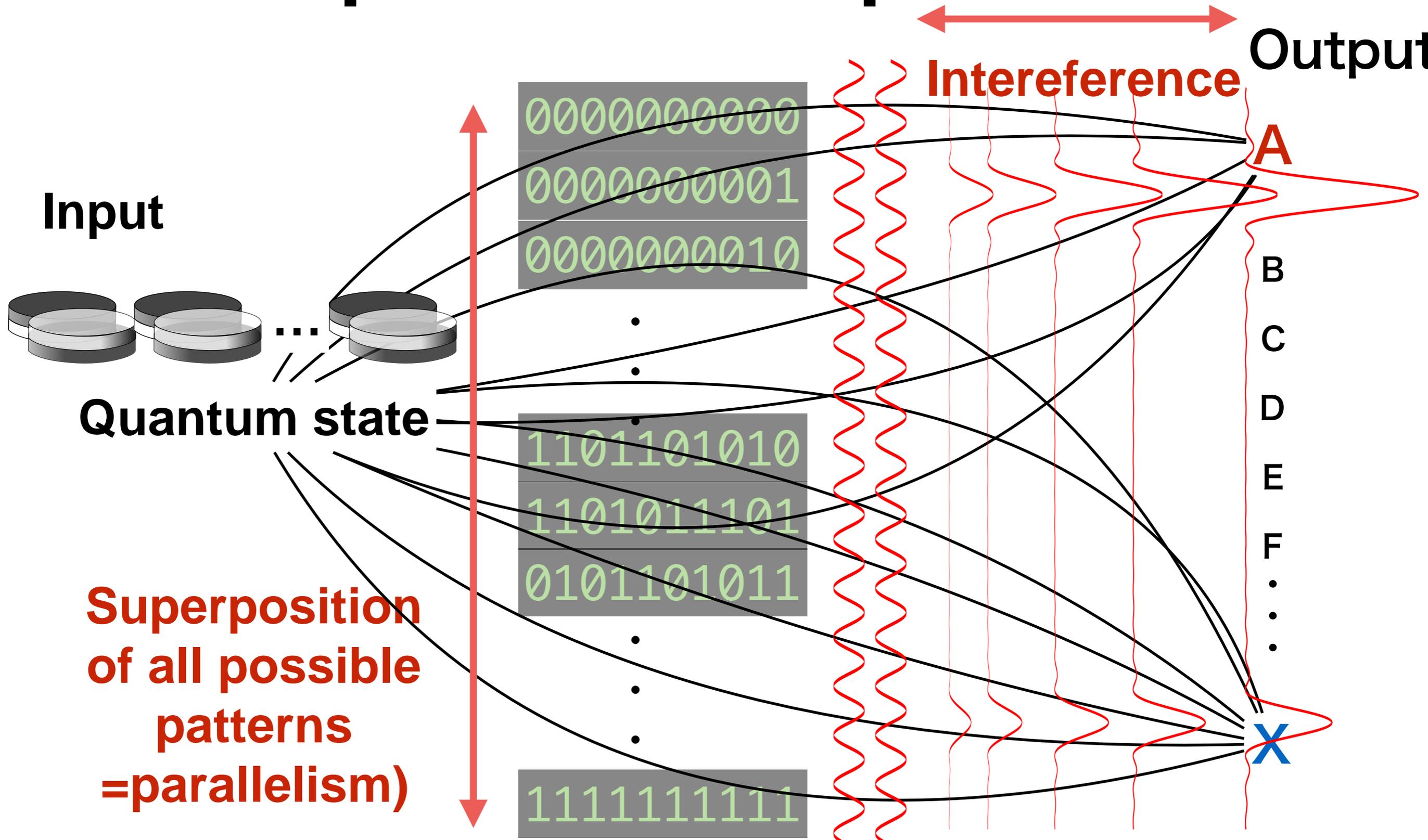


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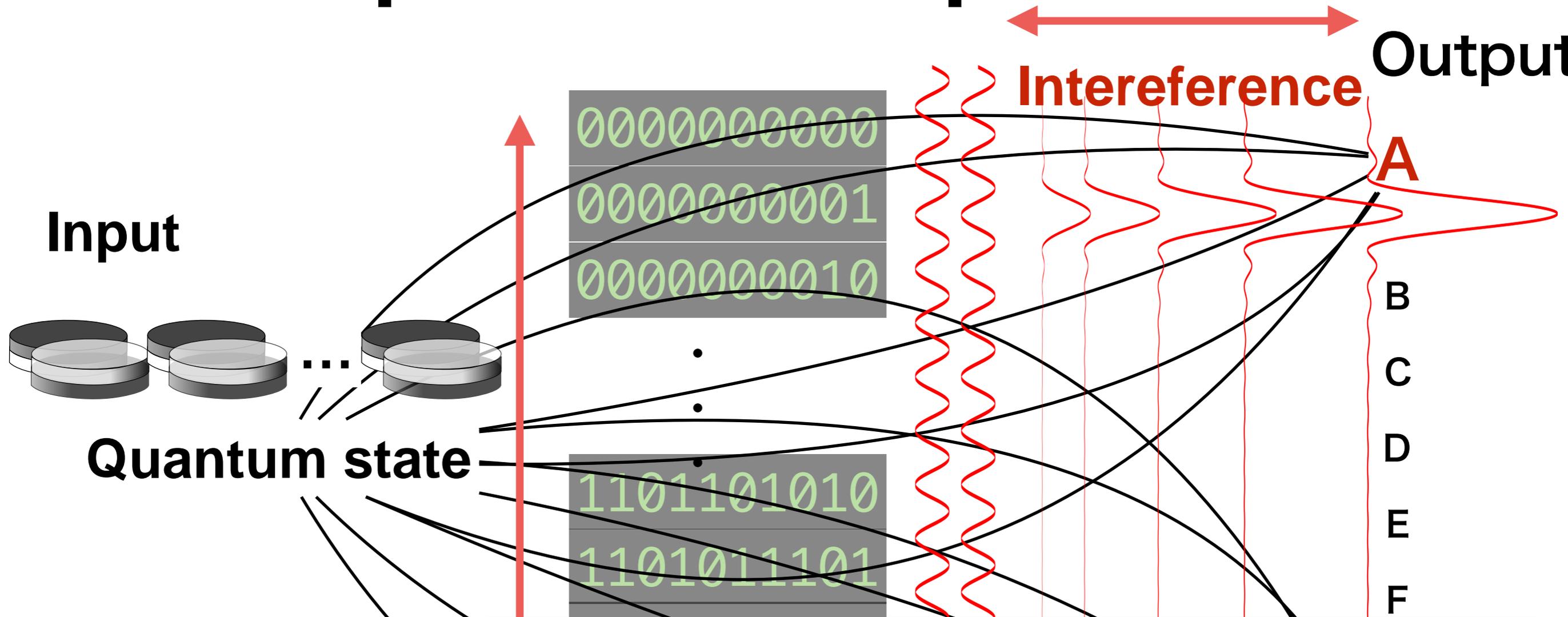
state vector
on complex Hilbert
(vector) space

It is not yet determined whether the state is 0 or 1!

How quantum computer works



How quantum computer works

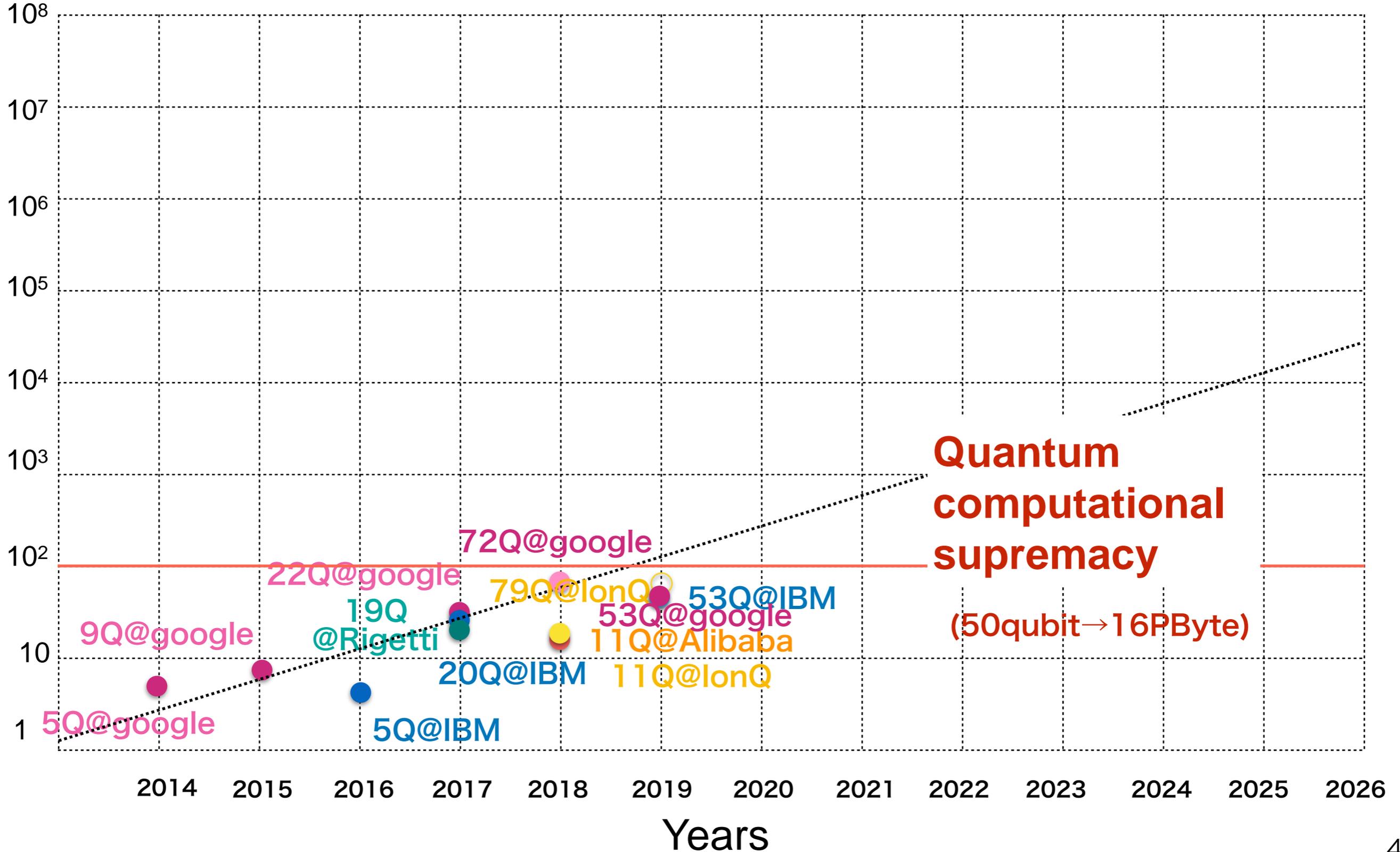


**Superposition
of all possible
patterns
=parallelism)**

- Factoring (security)
- Database search (various applications)
- Quantum chemistry & quantum simulation
- Linear system solver (machine learning)

“Quantum” Moore’s law?

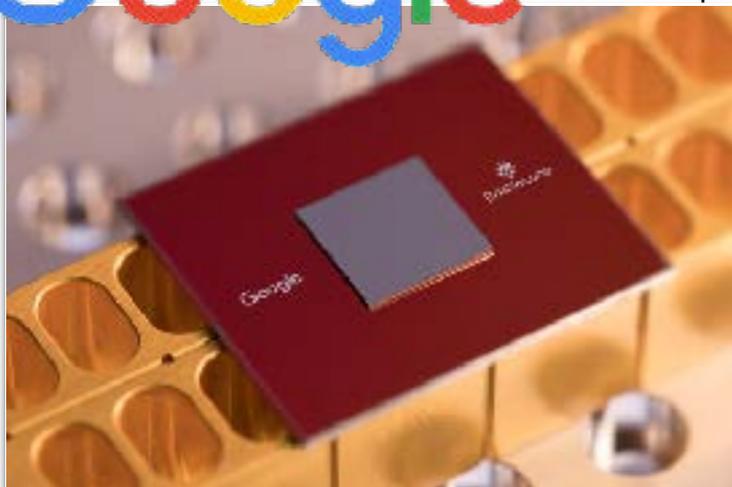
of qubit



“Quantum” Moore’s law?

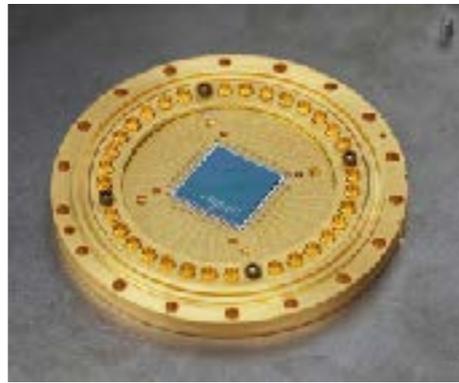
of qubit
10⁸

Google

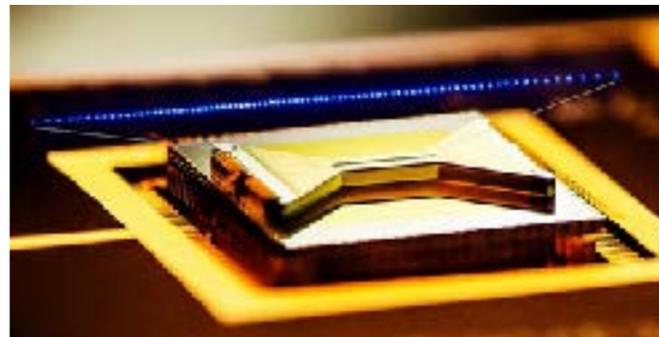


gemon18Q
1Q:99.9% 2Q:99.2% M:97%
bristolcone 72Q
1Q 99.9%
Sycamore 53Q

rigetti

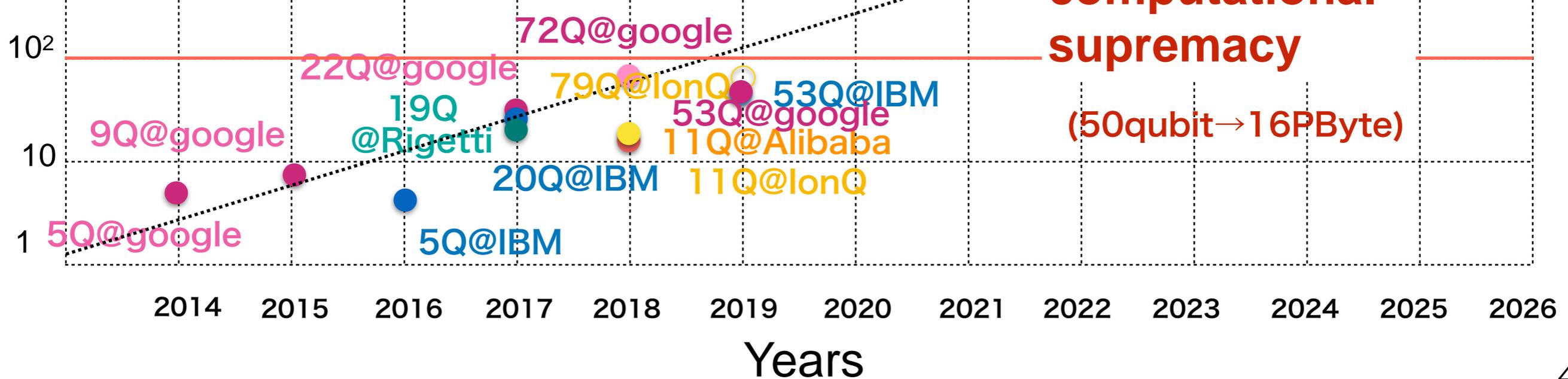


IonQ 79Q (11Q)
1Q:99.9% 2Q:98%



IONQ

IBMQ SystemOne 20Q
1Q 99.9, 2Q 98%



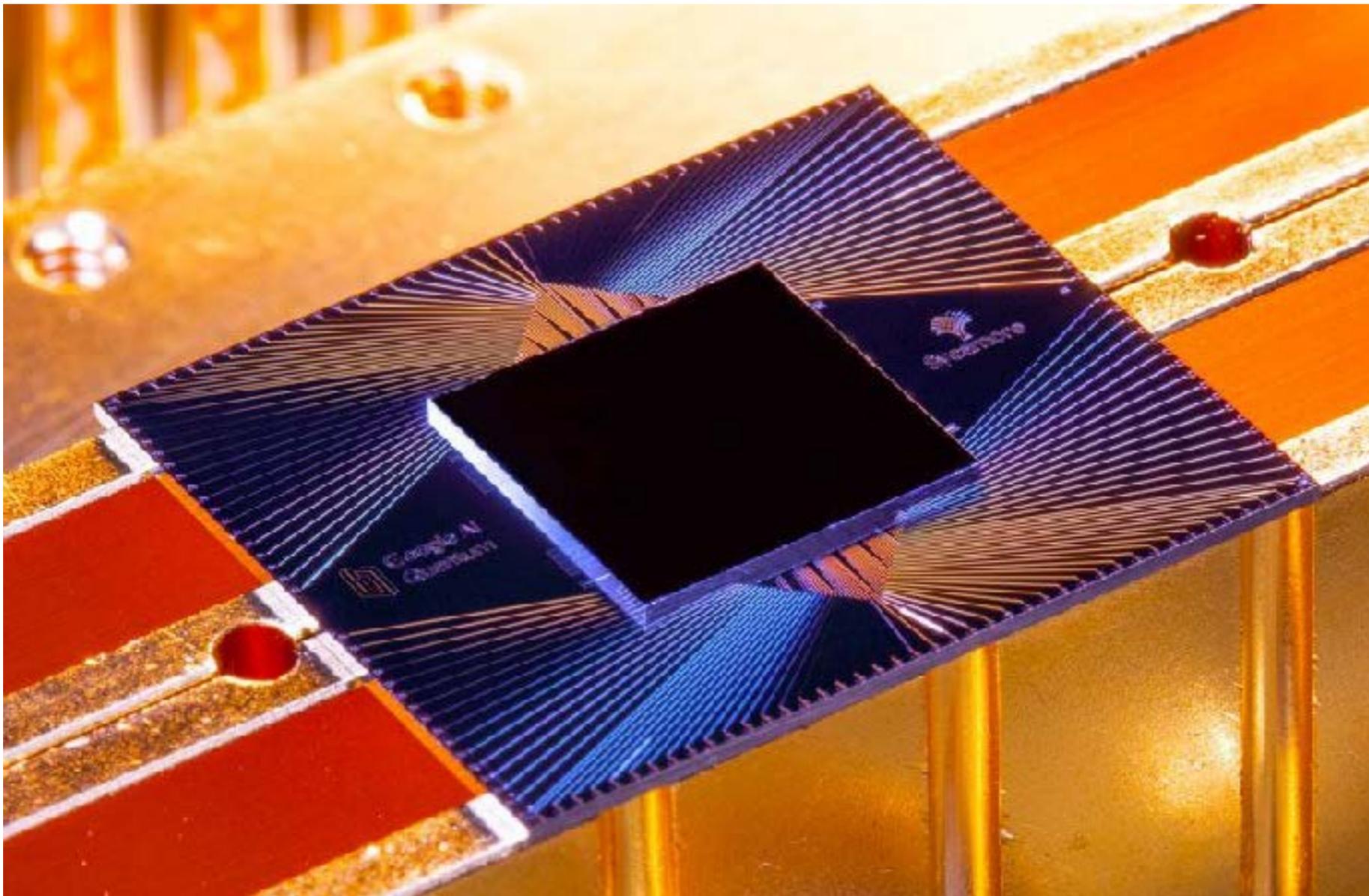
Quantum computational supremacy

(50qubit → 16PByte)

Hello quantum world! Google publishes landmark quantum supremacy claim

The company says that its quantum computer is the first to perform a calculation that would be practically impossible for a classical machine.

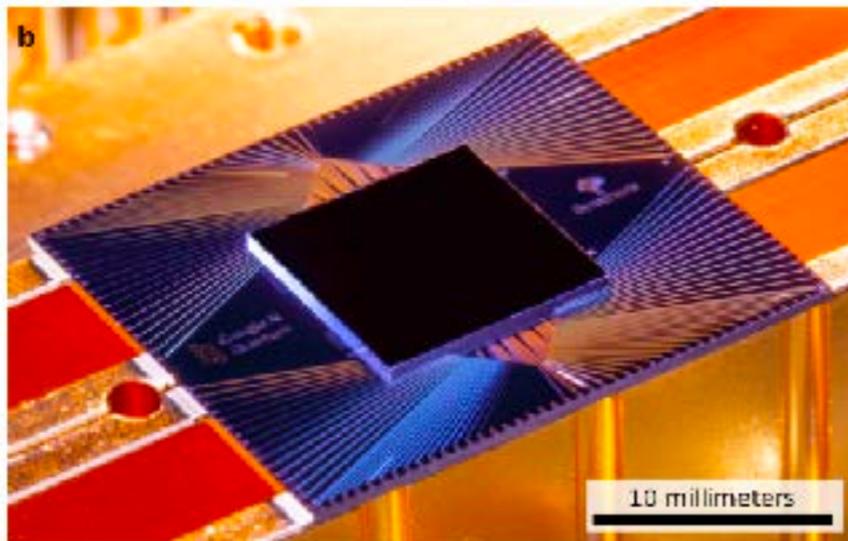
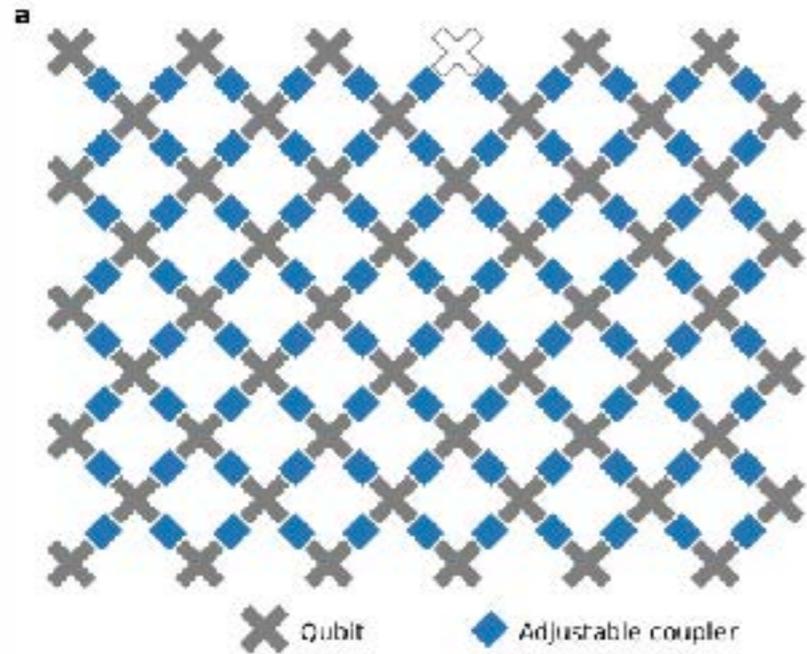
[Elizabeth Gibney](#)



What is quantum computing supremacy by Google

53 Qubits

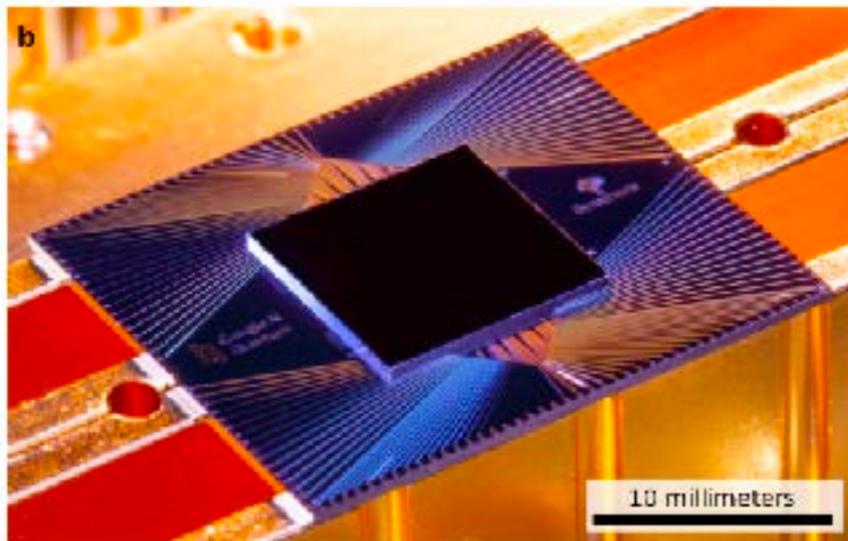
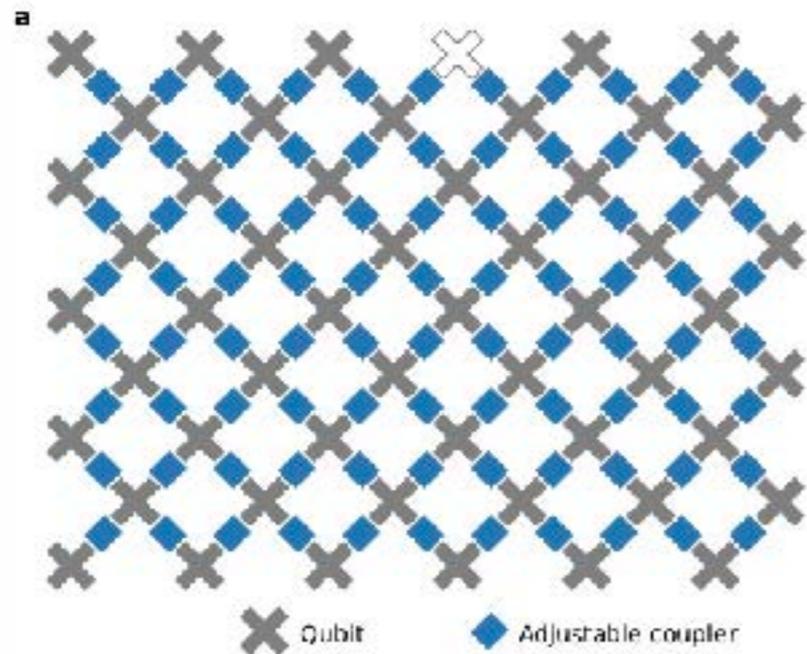
$\sim 8 \times 10^{15}$ dimension



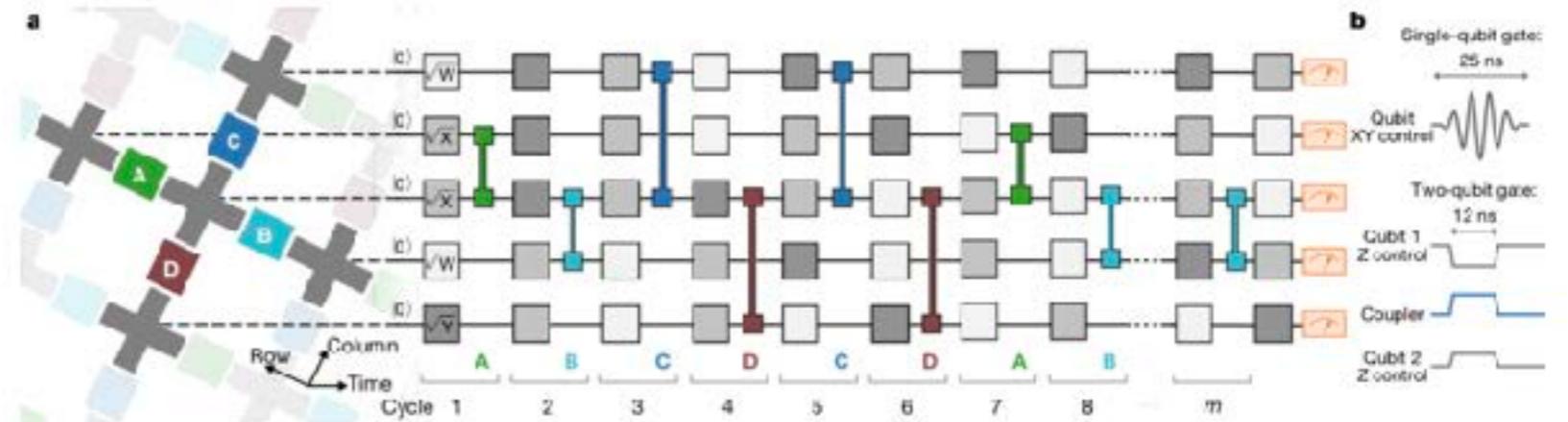
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Random quantum circuit on qubit arrays



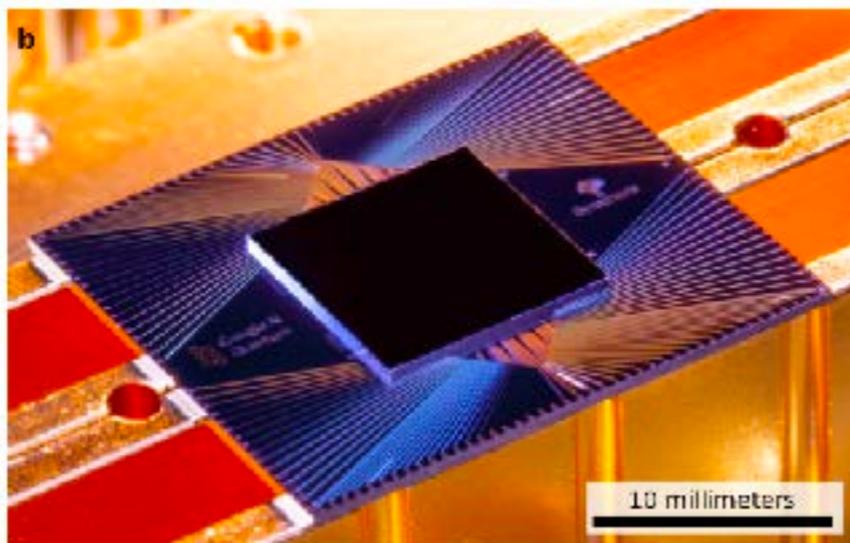
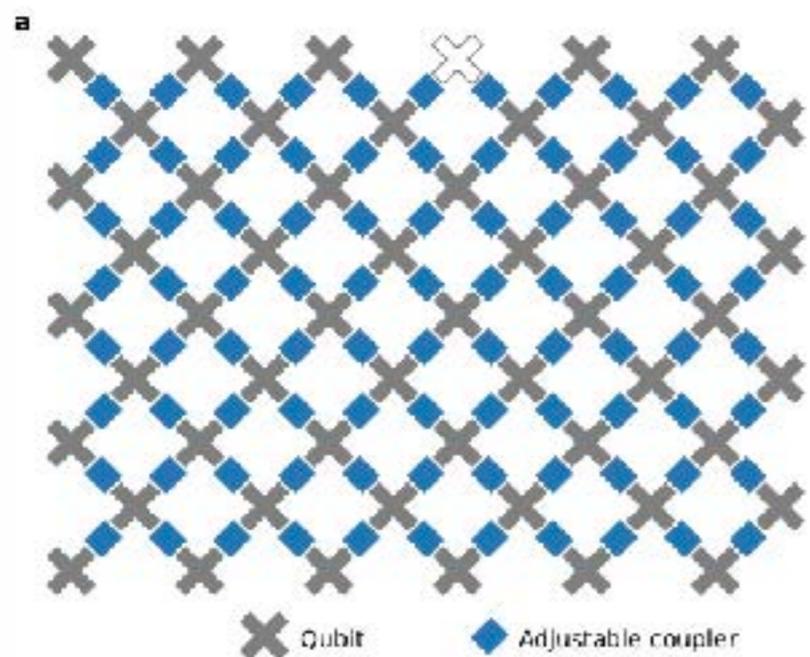
2Q gate 1Q gate Measurement Total fidelity

$$(0.9938)^{430} \times (0.9984)^{1113} \times (0.962)^{53} = 0.0015$$

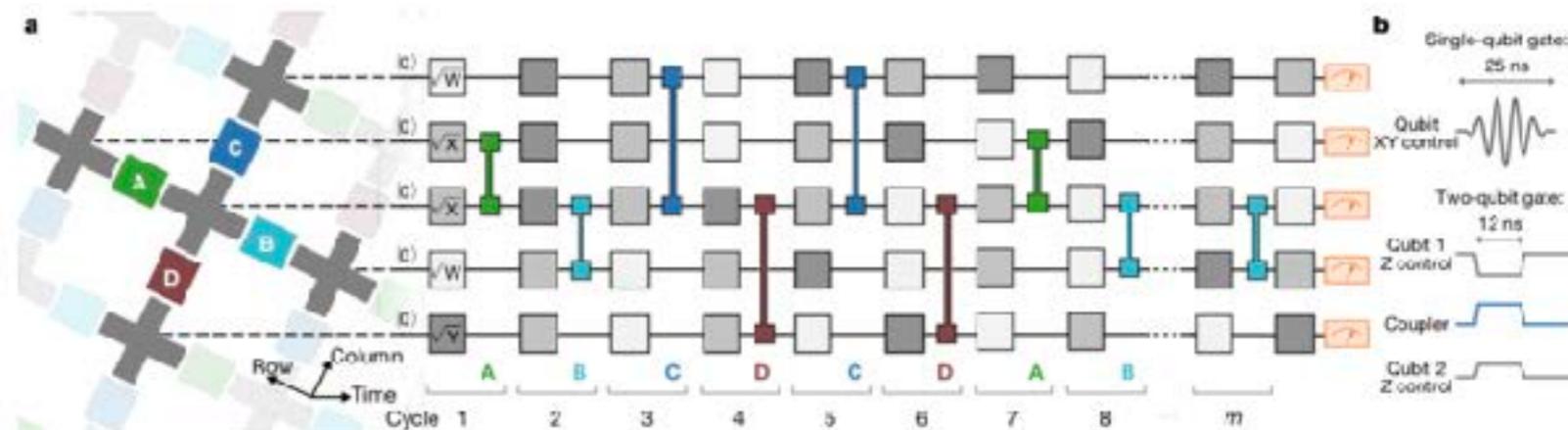
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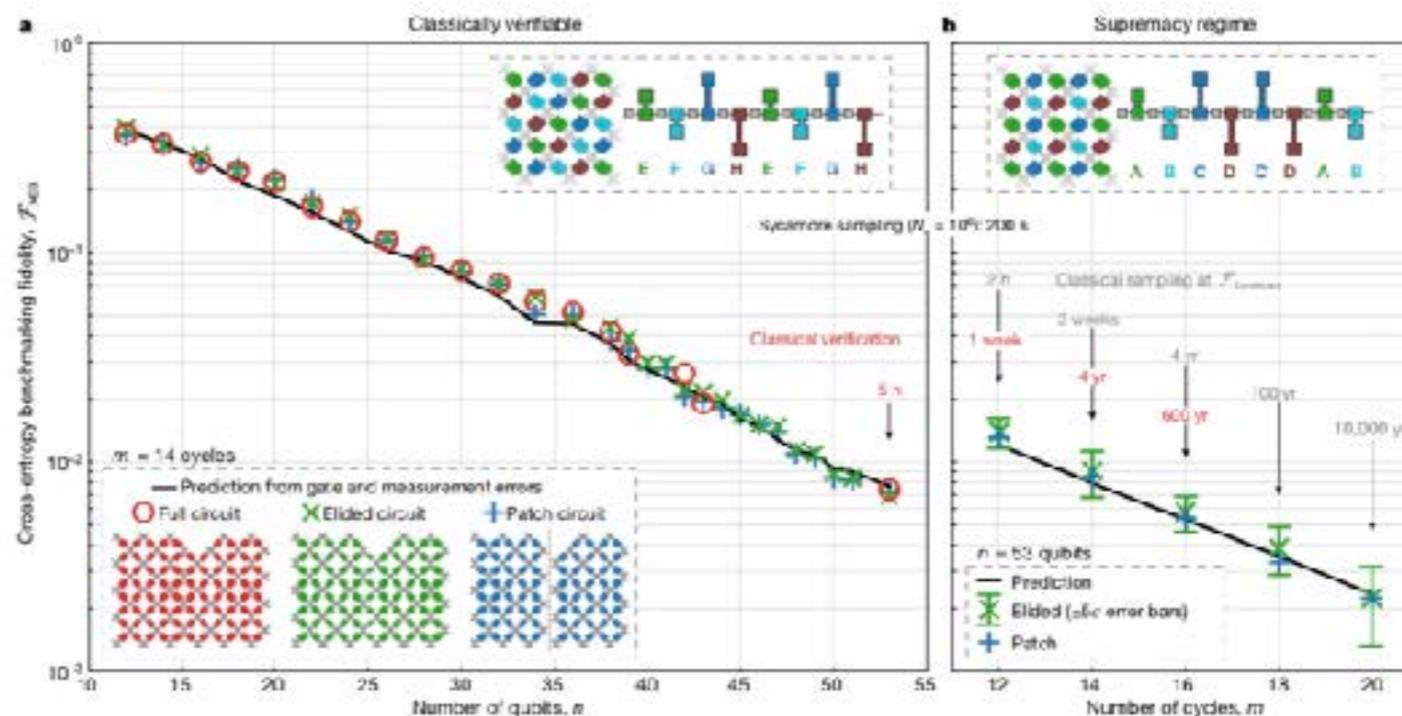


Random quantum circuit on qubit arrays



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Compare Google's QC with classical super computer

What is quantum computing supremacy by Google

200 seconds



Google

VS

rebuttal from IBM

1000years (2.5 days)



IBM

The benchmark task is meaningless, just sampling random bit strings in a quantum way.

But enough to refute extended-Church-Turing thesis! That is, we have at least one task, which cannot be done on classical computers but can be done on the quantum computer.

What is quantum computing supremacy by Google

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VS

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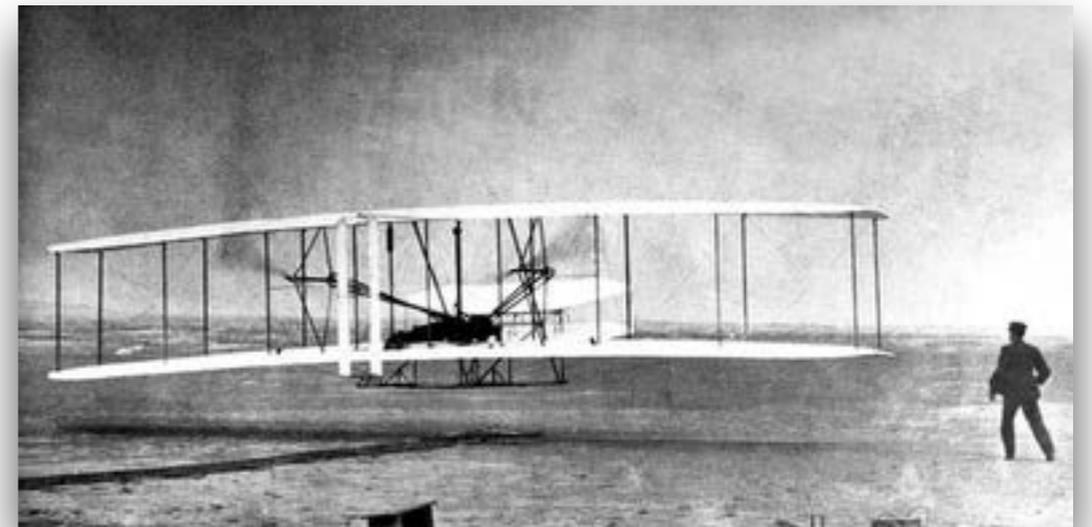
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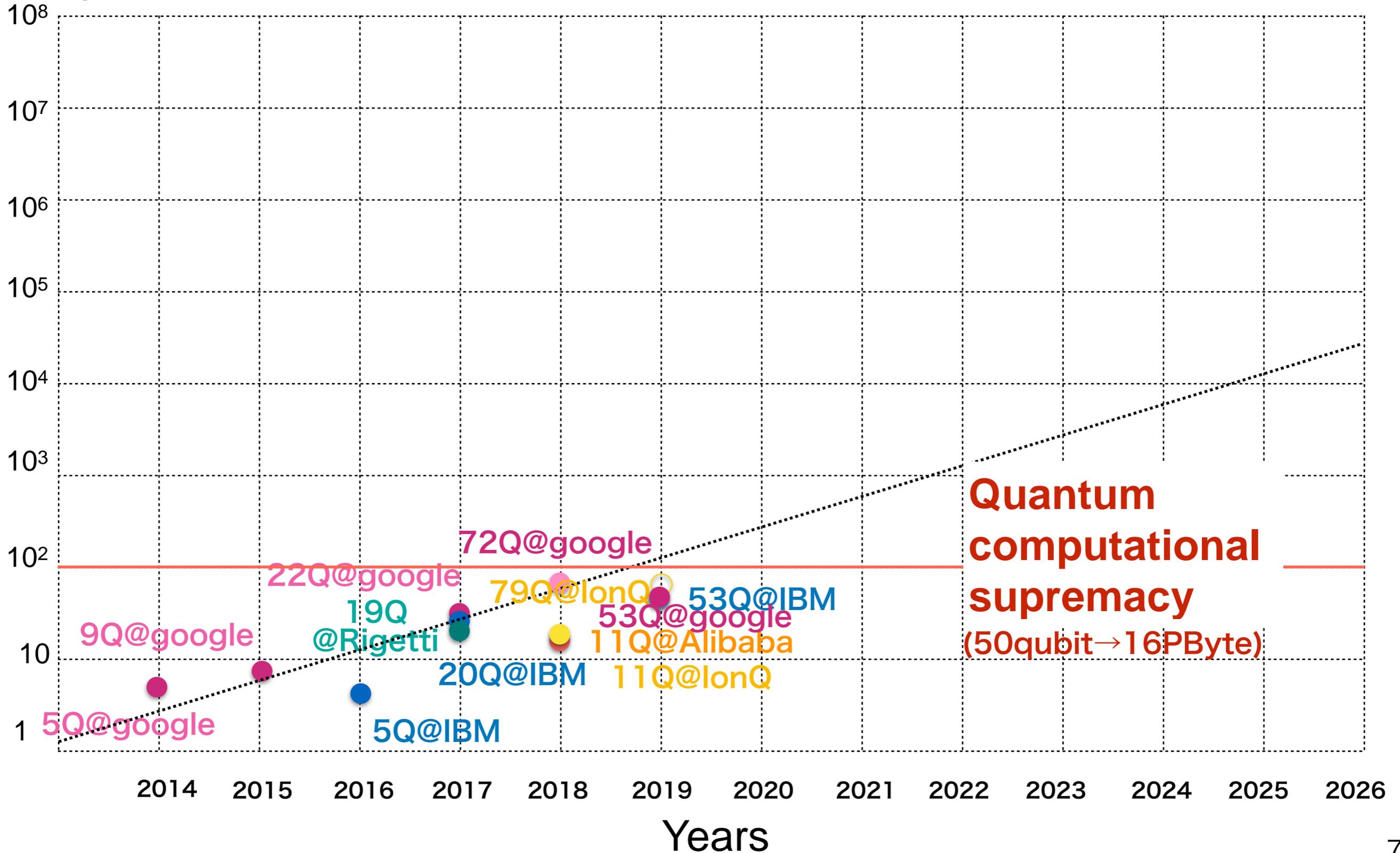
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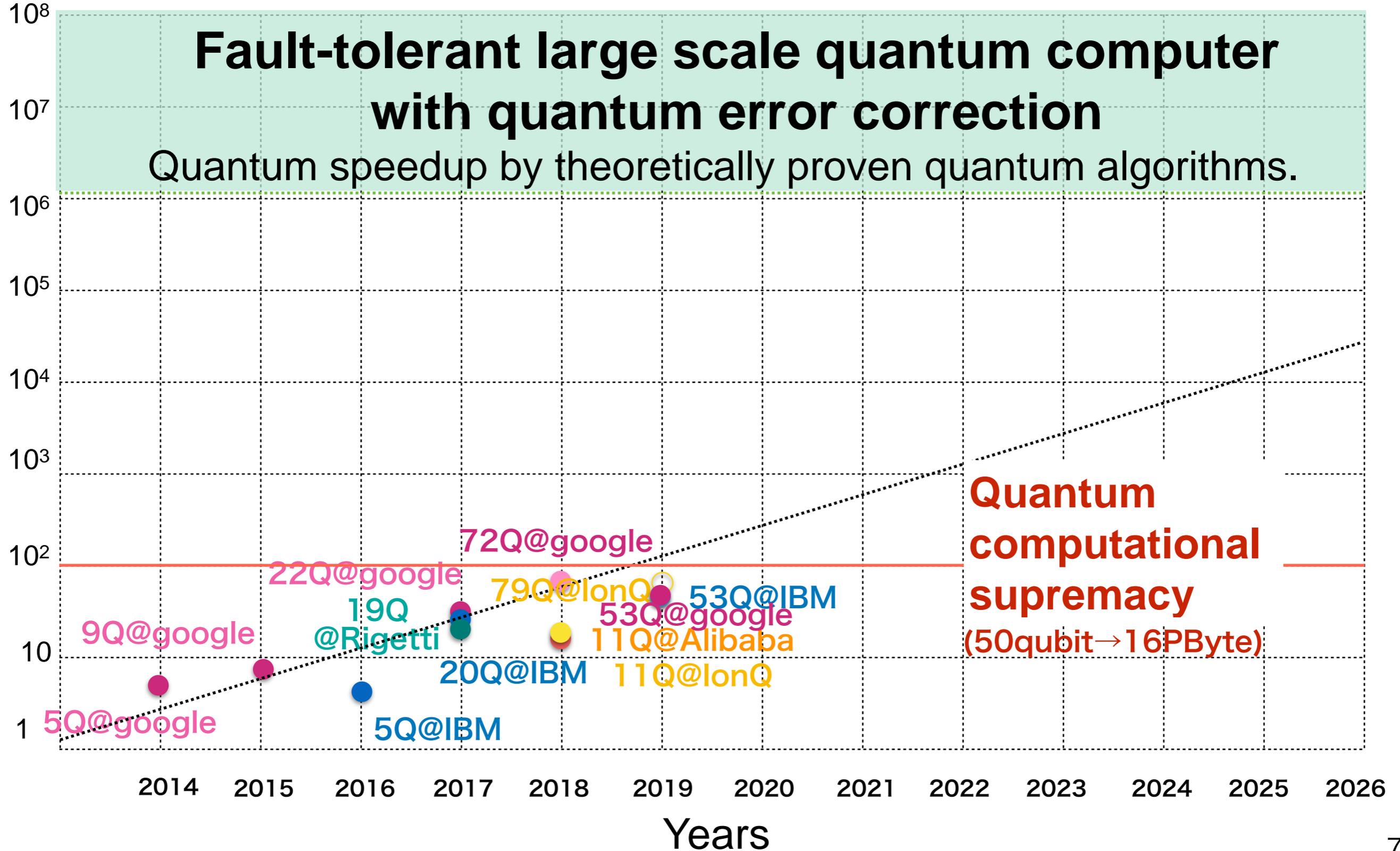
“Quantum” Moore’s law?

of qubit



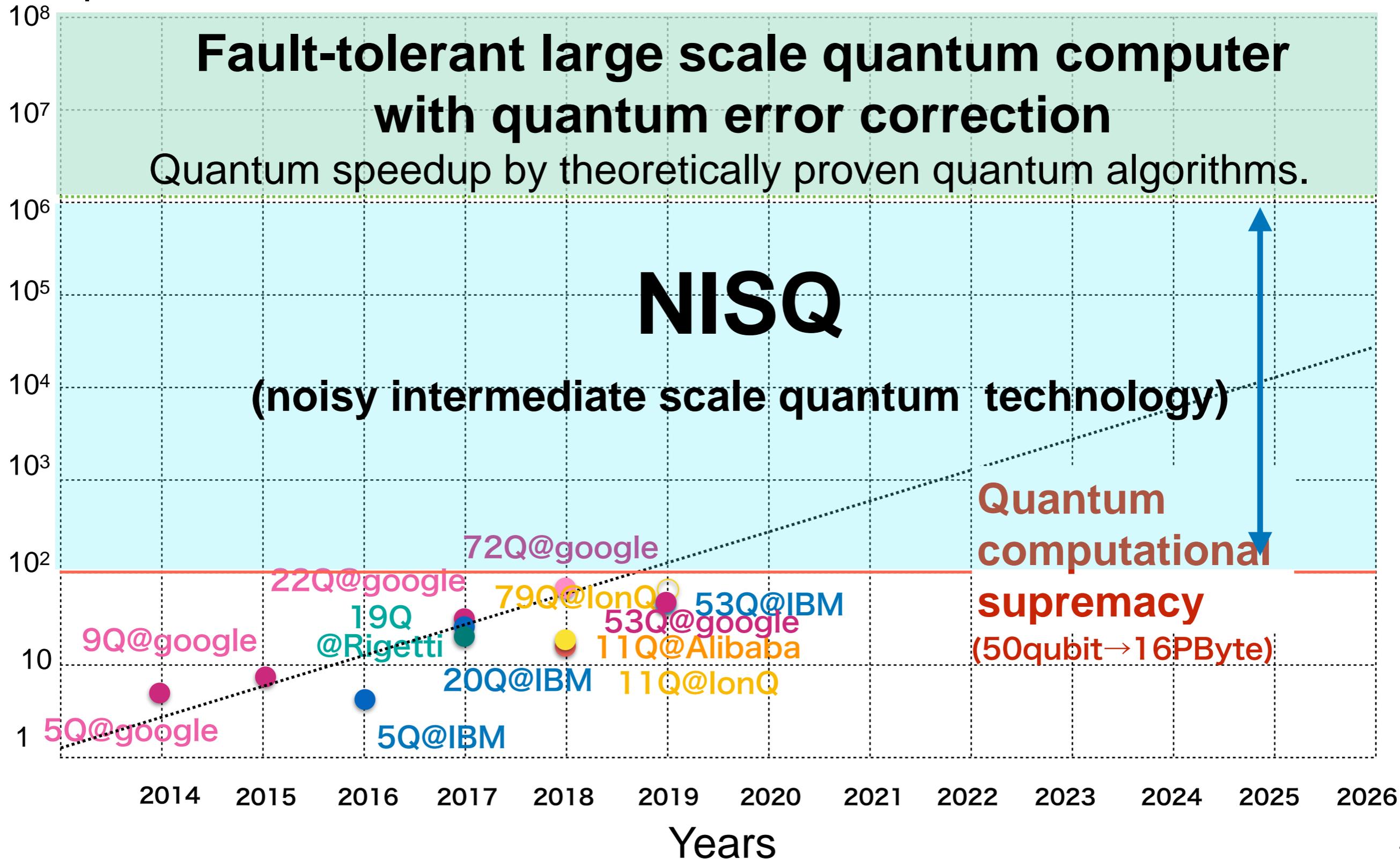
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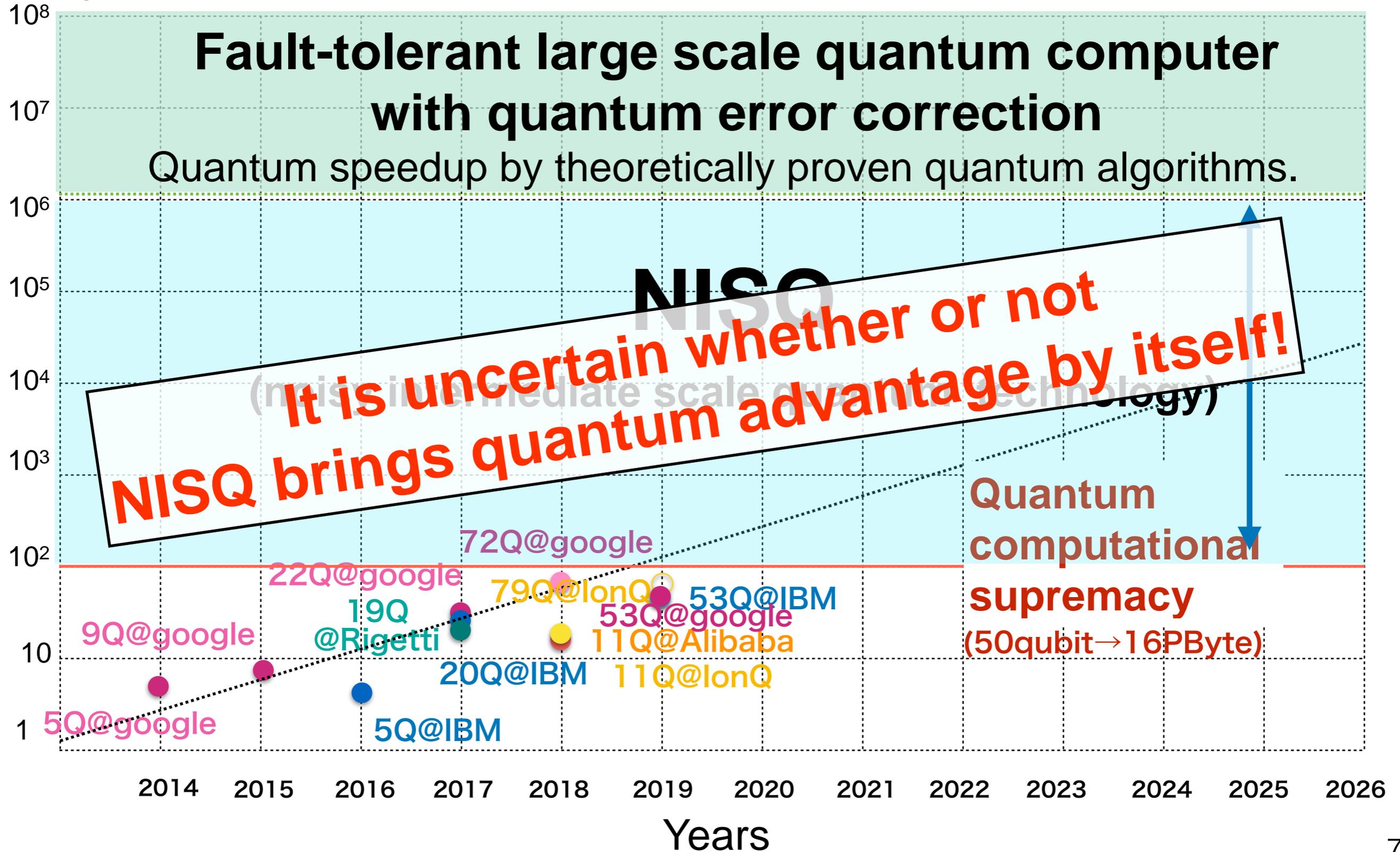
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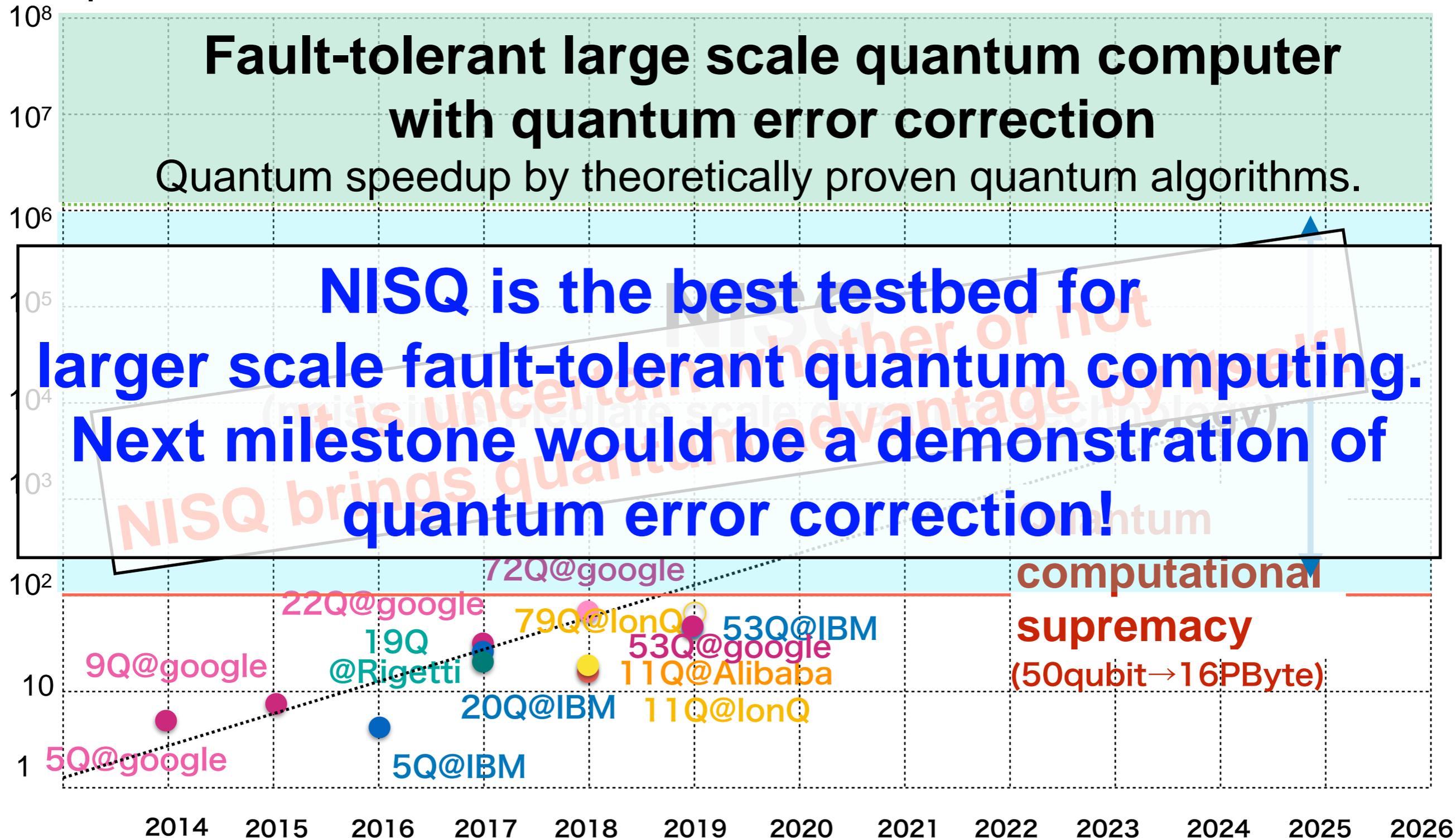
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“Quantum” Moore’s law?

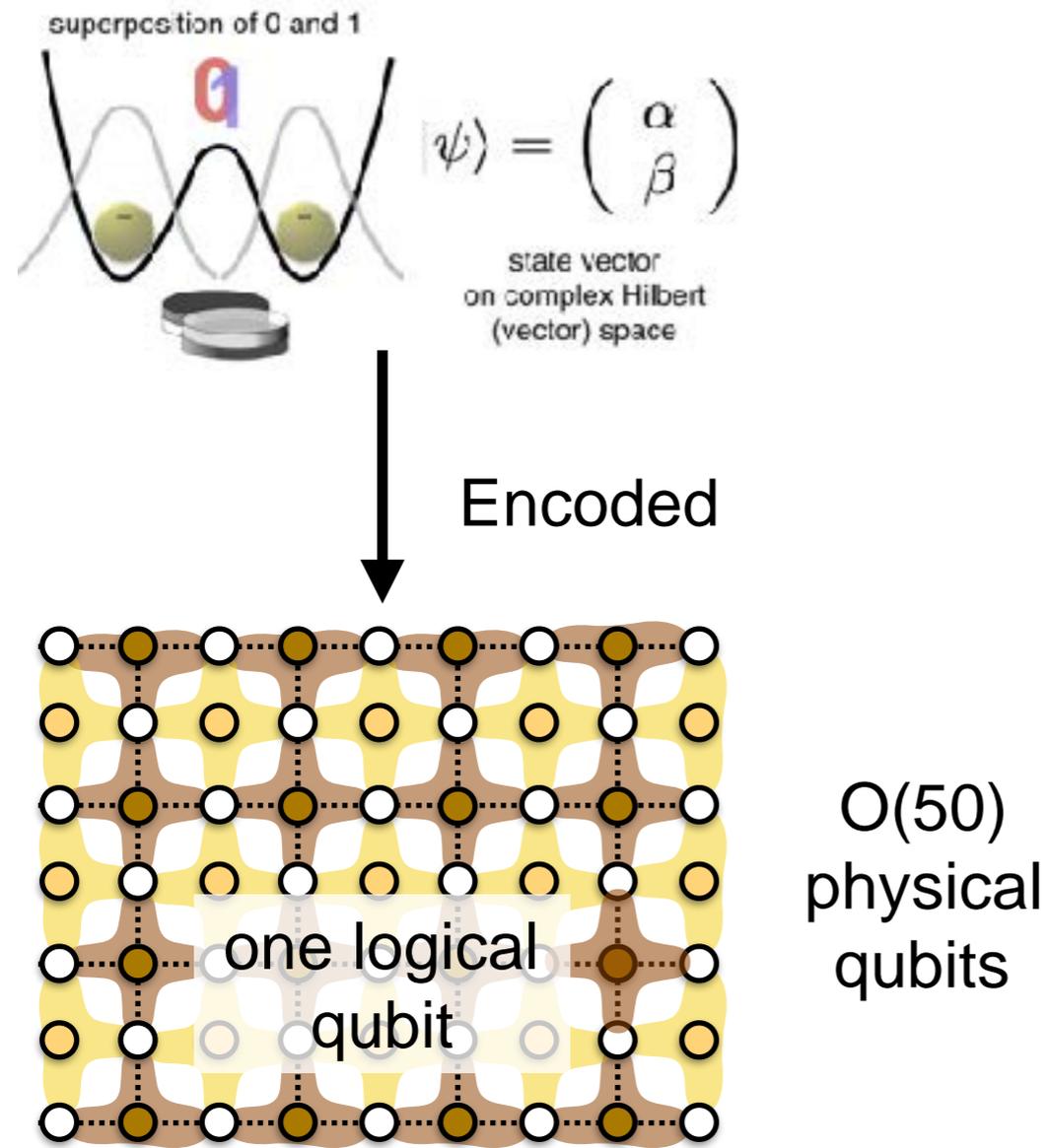
of qubit



Years

Toward fault-tolerant quantum computing

Qubit

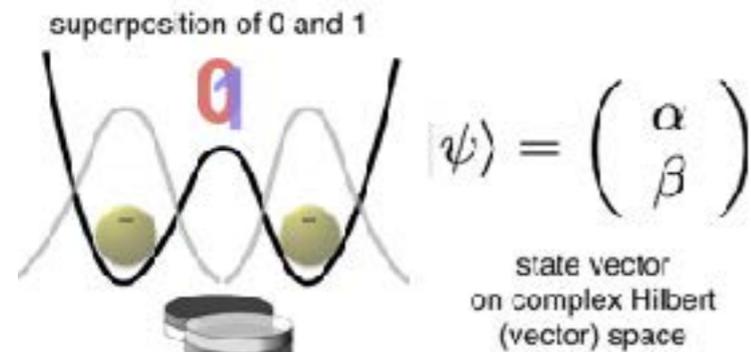


In the near future...

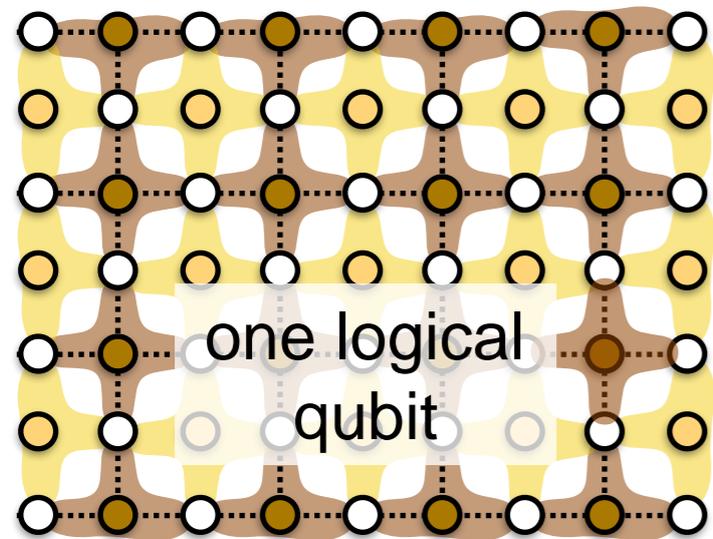
Lifetime of “logical” quantum information is not limited by physical life time!

Toward fault-tolerant quantum computing

Qubit



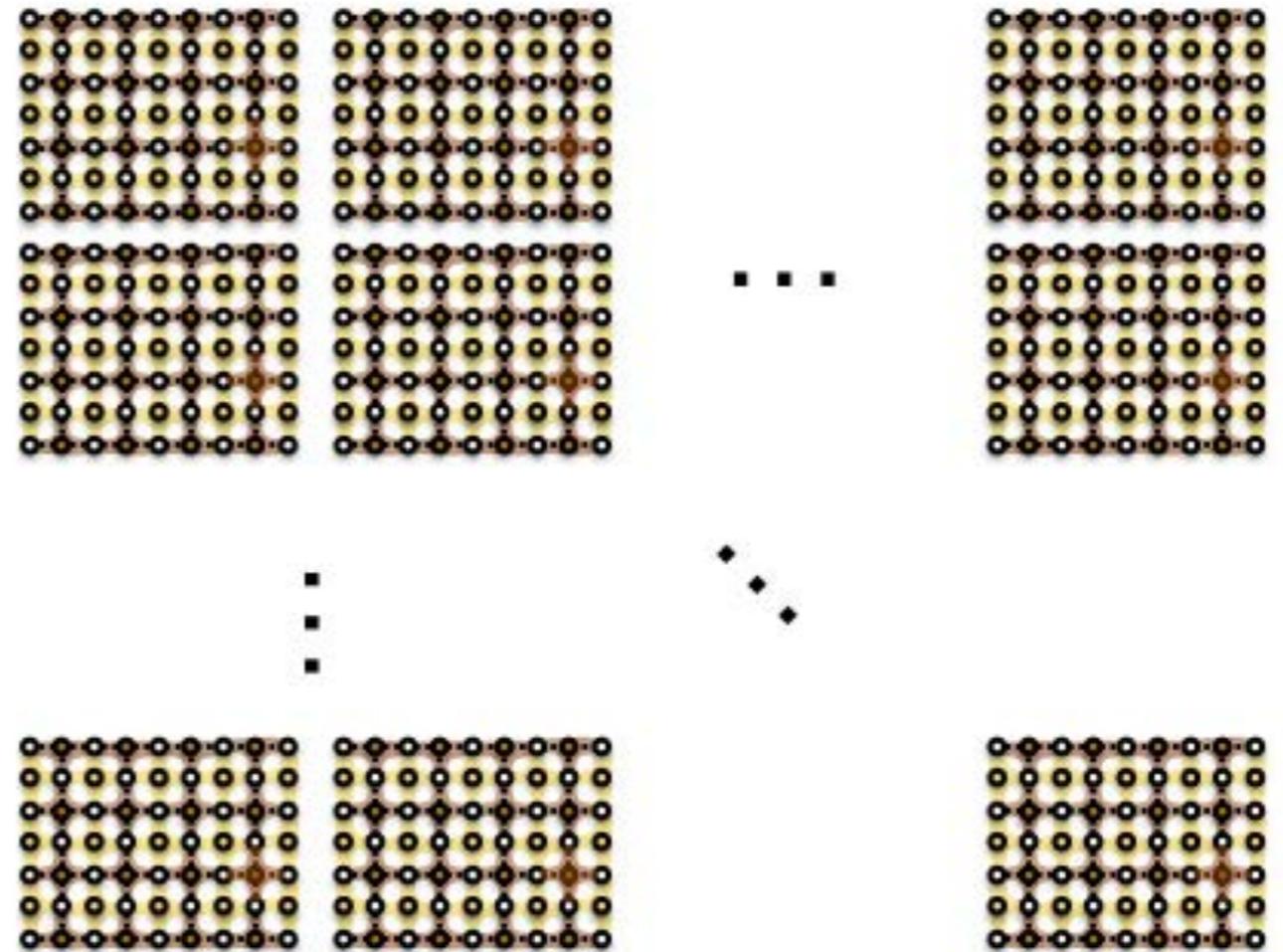
Encoded



In the near future...

Lifetime of “logical” quantum information is not limited by physical life time!

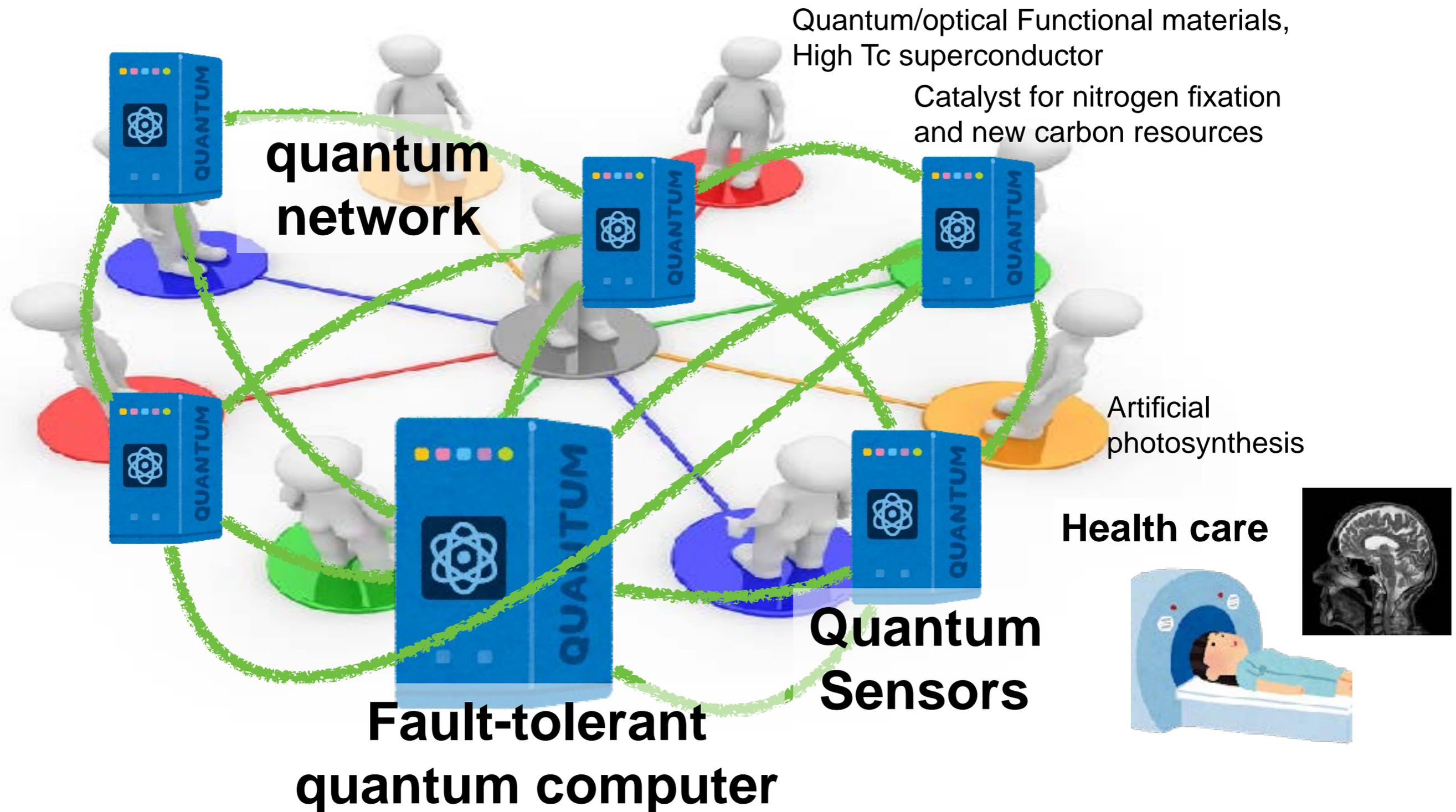
For fully fledged fault-tolerant quantum computing...



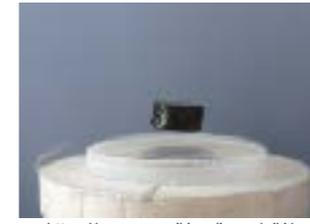
O(10⁵-10⁶) physical qubits

It could be monolithic or distributed...

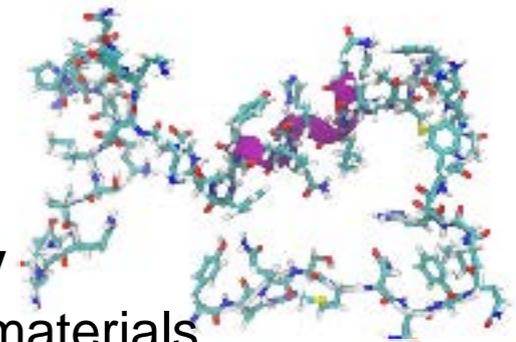
Quantum ICT society in 2050



Quantum ICT society in 2050



https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Meissner_effect_p1390048.jpg



Material & Chemistry

Quantum/optical Functional materials,
High Tc superconductor

Medicine

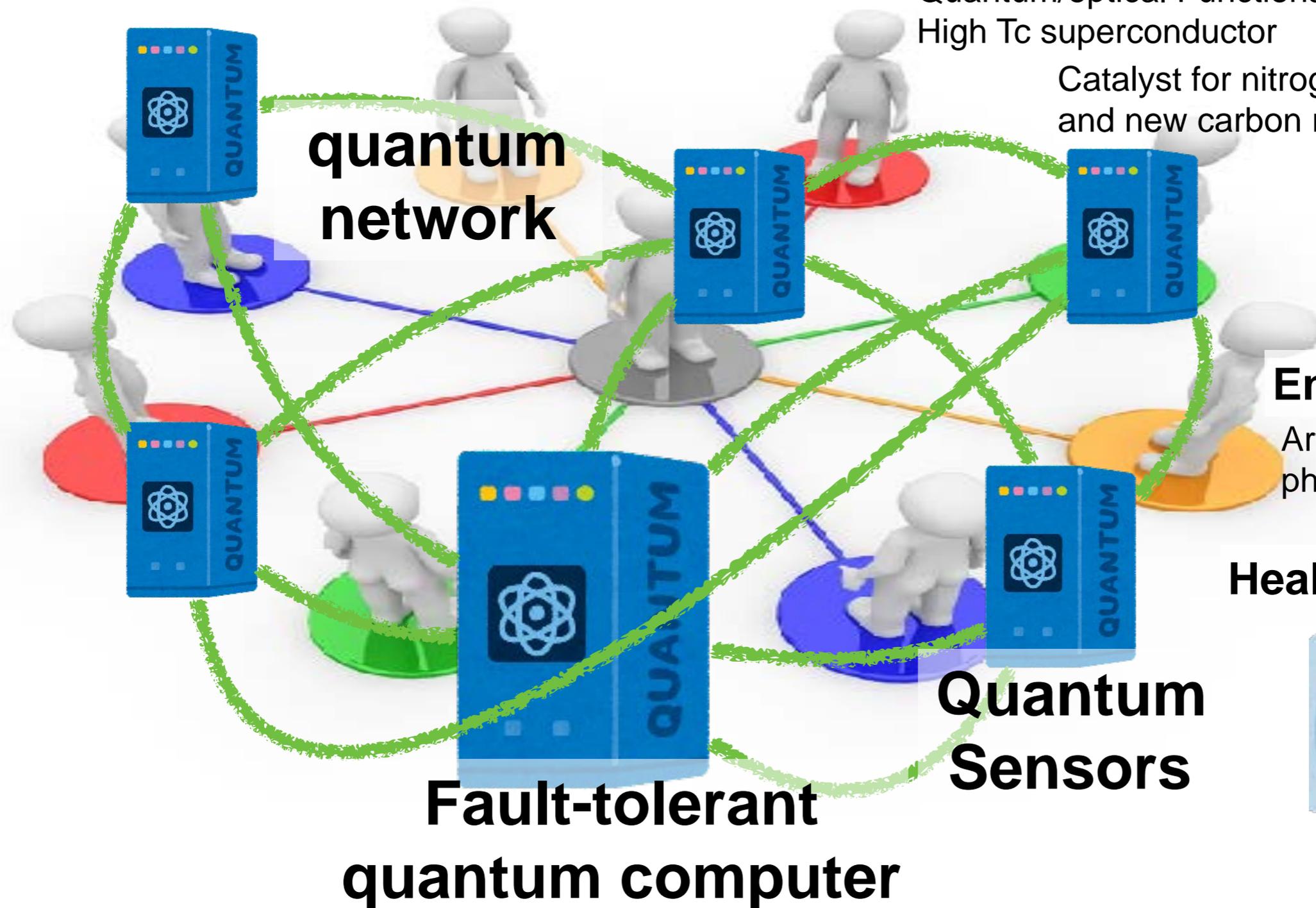
Catalyst for nitrogen fixation
and new carbon resources



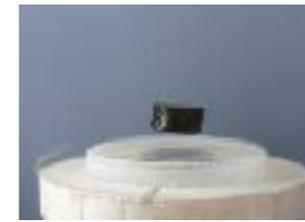
Energy

Artificial
photosynthesis

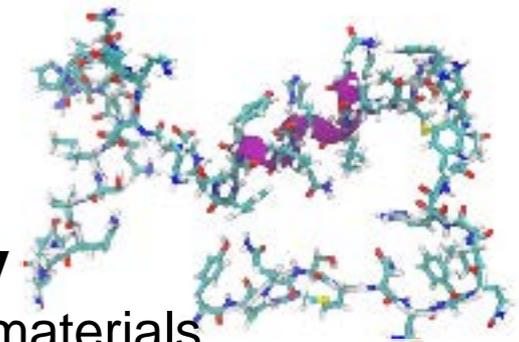
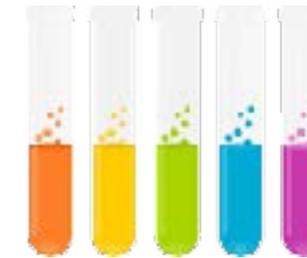
Health care



Quantum ICT society in 2050



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Material & Chemistry

Quantum/optical Functional materials,
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Medicine

Catalyst for nitrogen fixation
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Energy

Artificial
photosynthesis

Health care



quantum
network

Quantum
Sensors

Fault-tolerant
quantum computer

Secure cloud
computing



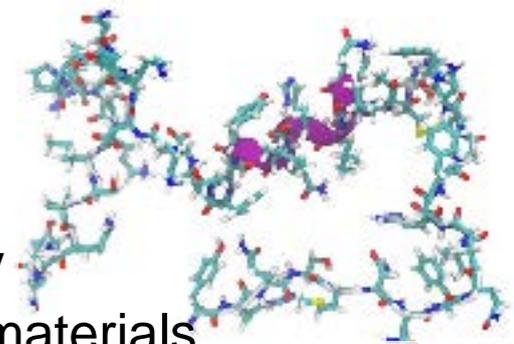
Quantum ICT society in 2050

Quantum data generated by quantum ICT infrastructures.

Quantum AI



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Material & Chemistry

Quantum/optical Functional materials,
High Tc superconductor

Medicine

Catalyst for nitrogen fixation
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quantum network

Energy

Artificial
photosynthesis



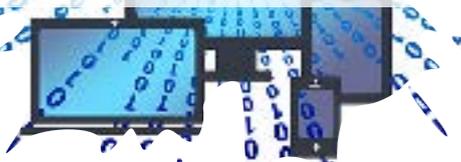
Health care



Quantum Sensors

Fault-tolerant quantum computer

Secure cloud computing



Quantum software (theory) stack

Physics, Machine learning, Material science,
Quantum chemistry, Biology/Life science
Data science, Network/Security etc

Applications

Quantum algorithms

Near and long terms

High
performance
computing

Quantum programing

SDK, API, Compiler

Software
Engineering

Quantum architecture

Fault-tolerant system and quantum error correction

Computer
architecture

Quantum hardware control

Middleware, quantum classical interface

Quantum computing devices

(superconducting qubits, ion trap, photons, spins tec)

Mathematics

Information
Science

Physics

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Quantum computing would be a good
opportunity to meet researchers in different
disciplines together and explore our scientific
and engineering frontier!

(superconducting qubits, ion trap, photons, spins tec)