

# Working Group 1 Expanding human potential toward a society in which everyone can pursue their dreams

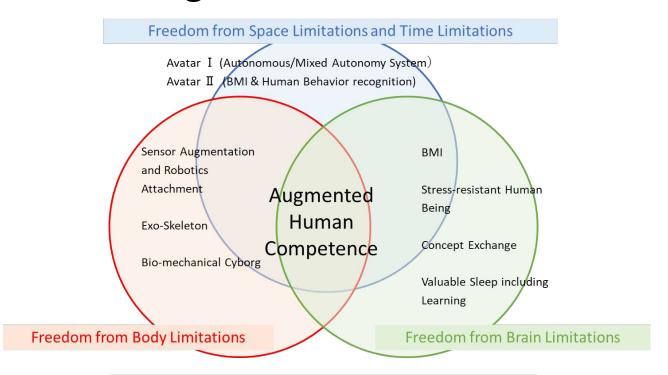
**Sub-Theme** 

Freedom from body limitations

INAMI Masahiko
Professor, Research Center for Advanced Science and Technology,
The University of Tokyo

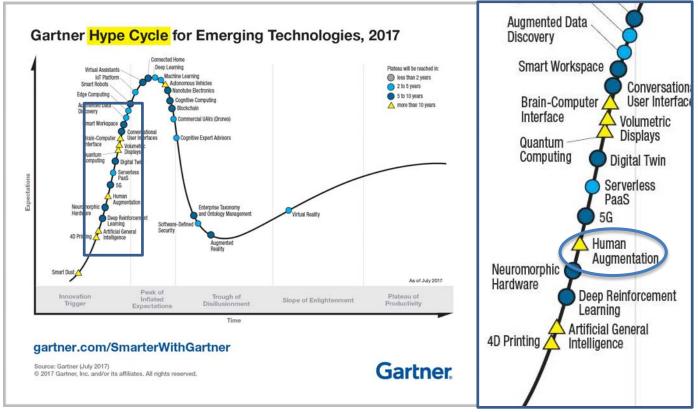


### Positioning of this sub-theme in WG1



Common Technologies
Human in the CPS Loop







### 5 Trends Appear on the Gartner Hype Cycle for Emerging Technologies, 2019

#### Augmented human

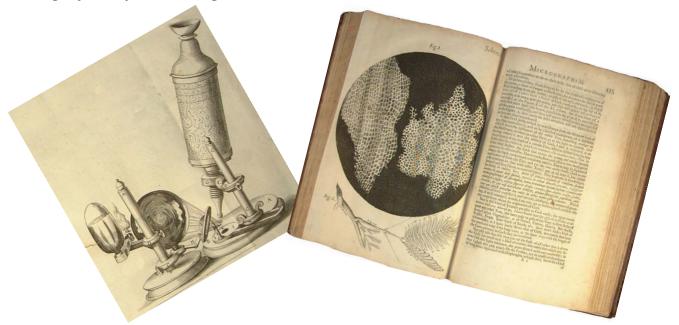
Augmented human technologies improve both the cognitive and physical parts of the human body by including technologies such as biochips and emotion AI. Some will provide "superhuman capabilities" — for example, a prosthetic arm that exceeds the strength of a human arm — while others will create robotic skin that is as sensitive to touch as human skin. These technologies will also eventually provide a more seamless experience that improves the health, intelligence and strength of humans.

Other technologies in this trend include: Personification, augmented intelligence, immersive workspace and biotech (cultured or artificial tissue.)

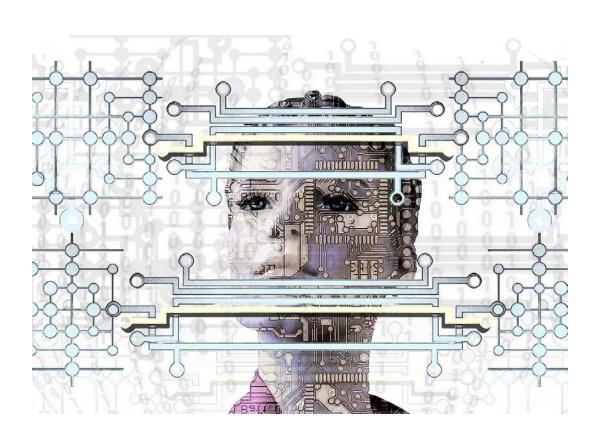


### Robert Hooke, Micrographia, 1665

"The first thing to be undertaken in this weighty work, is a watchfulness over the failings and an enlargement of the dominion, of the Senses.... The next care to be taken, in respect of the Senses, is a supplying of their infirmities with Instruments, and, as it were, the adding of artificial Organs to the natural."





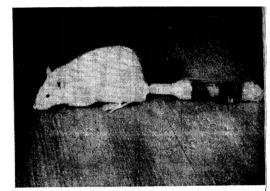




### "Cyborgs and Space" (1960)

Manfred E. Clynes and Nathan S. Kline (*Astronautics*, September 1960)

Altering man's bodily functions to meet the requirements of extraterrestrial environments would be more logical than providing an earthly environment for him in space... Artifact-organism systems which would extend man's unconscious, self-regulatory controls are one possibility.



One of the first Cyborgs, this 220-gm rat has under its skin the Rose osmotic pump (shown in close-up below), designed to permit continuous injections of chemicals at a slow, controlled rate into an organism without any attention on the part of the organism.



### Human Augmentation Freedom from Body Limitations

Starship Troopers (1959) Heinline Cyborgs and Space (1960) Manfred E. Clynes and Nathan S. Kline

Hardyman (1965) US Army/Navy

GE Walking Truck (1967) Mosher

Man-Amplifier (1967)









### Telexistence(1980's-)

### Dr. Susumu Tachi





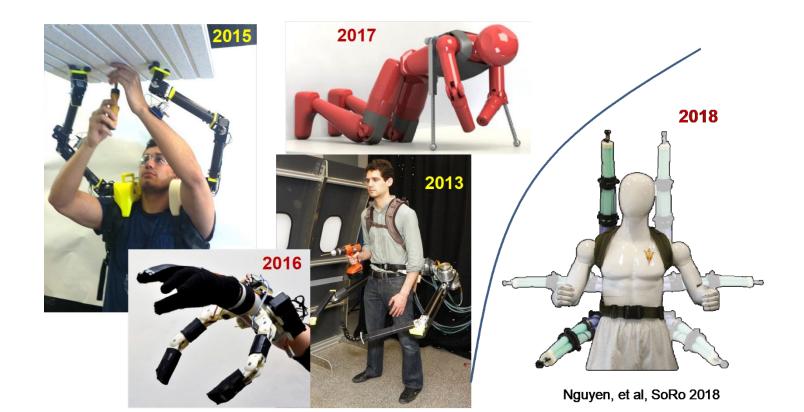








## Supernumerary Robotic Limbs IROS2019 WS (Harry Asada)





### Human Augmentation



Perception



Cognition



Body



Presence



### Digital Avatar



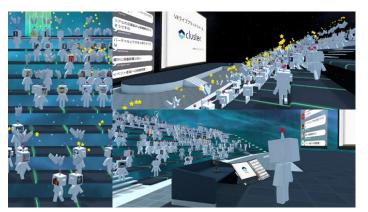
**Telepresence Robot** 



3D Avatar



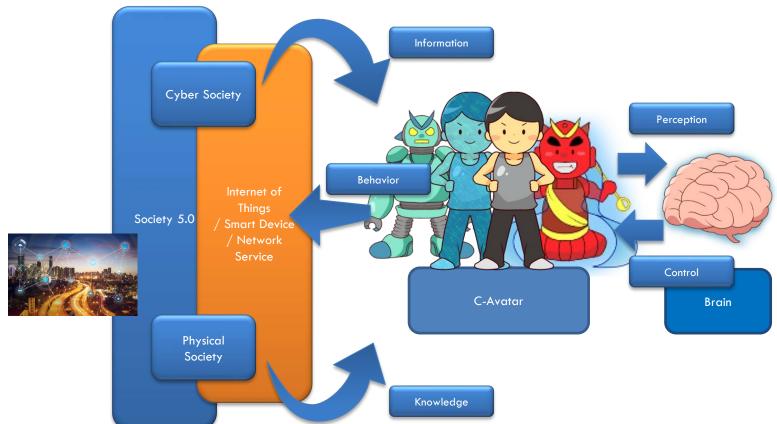
Medical VR

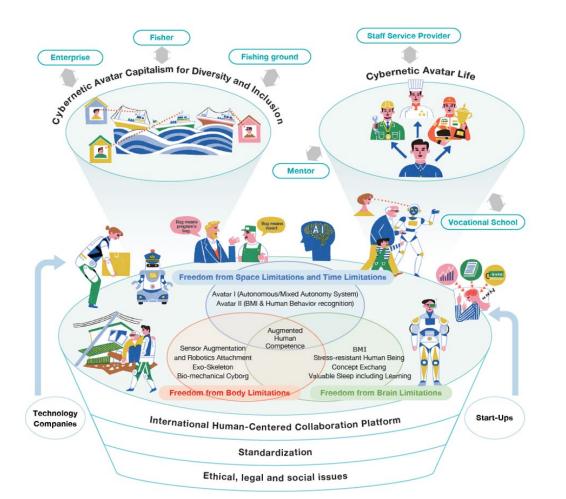


**Social Virtual Reality** 



### Cybernetic Avatar (C-Avatar)









Presentation - Offering of Topics

#### **Domenico Prattichizzo**

Full Professor of Robotics,

Department of Information Engineering and Mathematics,

University of Siena



### Discussion



### Welcome

#### KITANO Hiroaki

President & CEO, Sony Computer Science Laboratories, Inc. / Professor, Okinawa Institute of Science and Technology Graduate University



### Overview of the 2 targets by WG1 (1)

Cybernetic Avatar Capitalism (C-Avatar)
for Diversity and Inclusion

New type of social structure and economy
Anybody can provide their abilities
(expertize) anytime to/from anywhere
through C-Avatar



Overcoming social divides and achieving diverse and inclusive society by creating a new kind of social structure and economy

Picture: freepik.com



### Overview of the 2 targets by WG1(2)

**Cybernetic Avatar Life** 

#### New type of myself (Another myself)

Anyone can improve their abilities through C-Avatar and can challenge to various kind of activities in Society 5.0 world.



Improving QoL by supporting creative, spontaneous activities such as recreational hobbies, travel, volunteering, art and entertainment, as well as everyday life at home

Picture: freepik.com



### Conclusion

