Akinori Saeki, Ph .D. Assoc. Prof., Osaka University

## **Brief overview**

Achievement

Materials for energy conversion including photoelectric functions are investigated by combination of advanced microwave spectroscopy (timeresolved microwave conductivity: TRMC) and materials informatics (MI). Our unique TRMC technique allows for a ultrafast screening of optoelectronic materials such as organic/inorganic films and even powder samples, the photoconductivities of which are correlated with device performances. On the basis of comprehensive understanding of fundamental properties of organic/inorganic materials and inductive correlation with output revealed by computer/data science, a breakthrough towards next-generation energy conversion materials is explored among the conventional and novel materials.

By using MI and TRMC, we developed a new approach to organic

a direct evaluation of hole transfer yield from organic-inorganic lead-halide perovskite solar cell (PSC) to a hole transport layer (HTL) was performed, and the performance-governing factor was deduced from the statistical analysis of data science (Fig. 2). From an ultrafast experimental screening by TRMC, we found Bi<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub> powder shows an excellent photoresponse and developed its novel film-processing technique that provides improved film quality and

optoelectronic properties (Fig. 3). We have also created a thermoresponsive

material that exhibits emission switching upon heating and cooling (Fig. 4).

## : Advanced Materials Informatics through Research Area Comprehensive Integration among Theoretical, Experimental, Computational and Data-Centric Sciences (PO: Shinji Tsuneyuki)



## **Reference/Link**

Group homepage http://www.chem.eng.osaka-u.ac.jp/~cmpc-lab/ Researcher ID http://www.researcherid.com/rid/B-7756-2011 ORCiD https://orcid.org/0000-0001-7429-2200

Fig. 4 Thermoresponsivity

Fig. 3 Bi<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub> film

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