

International collaboration enabled by joint

NSF-JST funding

Edward Murdy
NSF Tokyo Regional Office

J-RAPID Symposium March 6, 2013



USG response to 3/11

Operation Tomodachi was an unprecedented effort by the USG (especially the U.S. military) to provide relief to disaster victims.

Operation Tomodachi was initiated by the U.S. Department of Defense in joint cooperation with Japanese authorities.

The operation, which started March 12 and lasted until May 4, directly or indirectly involved nearly 24,000 U.S. service members, 189 aircraft and 24 naval ships, at a total cost of nearly \$90 million.



NSF response to 3/11

March 11, 2011: Earthquake & Tsunami, immediately thereafter many inquiries were made to NSF by US researchers

March 30, 2011: NSF issued First RAPID Dear Colleague Letter

April 13, 2011: NSF issued Second RAPID Dear Colleague Letter

April 18, 2011: JST call for J-RAPID proposals

April 18, 2011: Dr. Robin Murphy (TAMU) arrived in Japan with

rescue robots

April 29, 2011: NSF target date for RAPID proposals



NSF response to 3/11

February 9-10, 2012: First NZ and Japan RAPID Grantees Meeting at NSF in Arlington

July 11, 2012: Global Research on Applying Information Technology to Support Effective Disaster Management (NSF #1250260)

August 9, 2012: NSF issued RAPID Dear Colleague Letter focusing on debris fields

September 17, 2012: Nuclear Reactor Materials under Extreme Conditions (NSF #1243490)

September 19, 2012: Program solicitation NSF 12-610 (Hazards SEES) issued

March 6-7, 2013: J-RAPID Grantees Meeting in Sendai, Japan





An island of flotsam that divers could not inspect





View of a submerged car from the SARbot ROV



