

JST-NSERC workshop



Natural Water Sanctuaries, Rich in Biodiversity

KEYWORDS: Groundwater, Sustainability, Water resource management

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Suntory's Origin

Suntory's very existence depends on “Water”



Whisky = aqua vitae



Search for high-quality water for brewing



Water Sustainability



Natural Water Sanctuary Project

Preserving and Reproducing the Natural Environment

Protecting Water and the Future of Life on Earth
with Natural Water Sanctuaries

Water Neutral

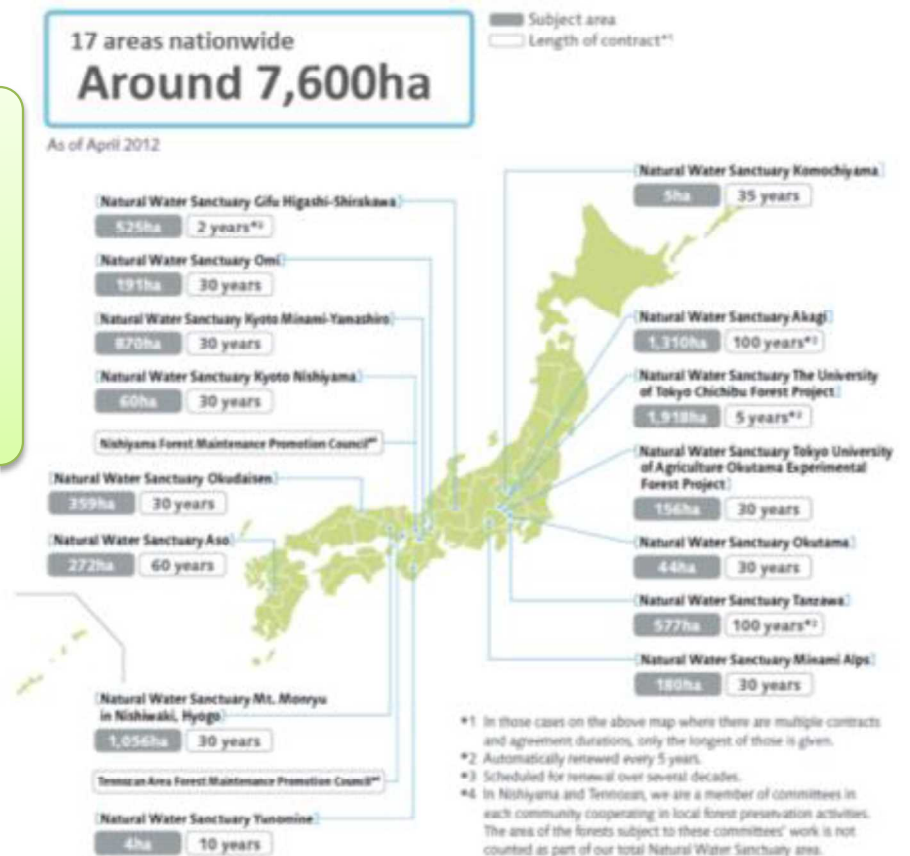
Natural recharge
of groundwater
in forests



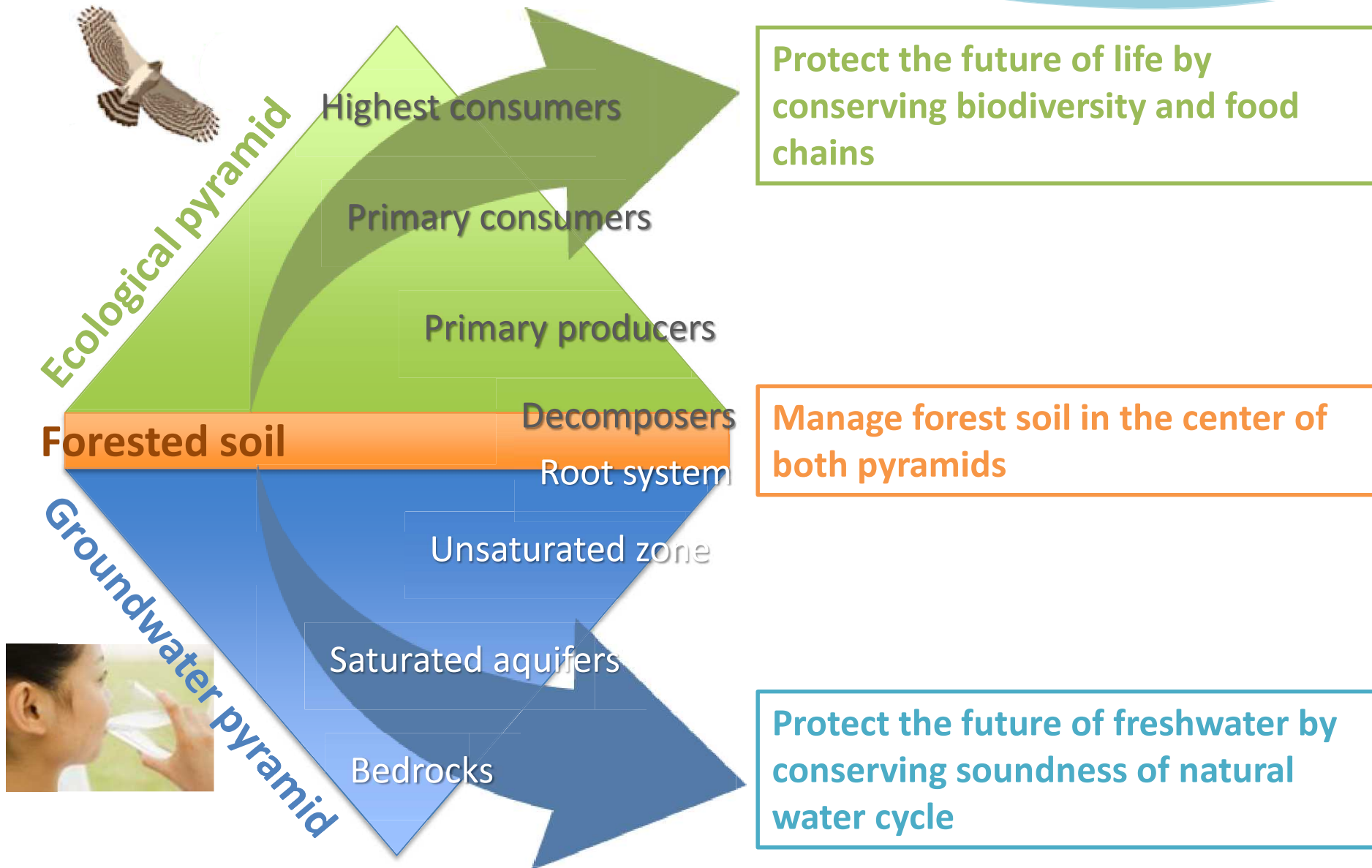
Total groundwater
withdrawal in all
factories

Required forest area = 7,000 ha

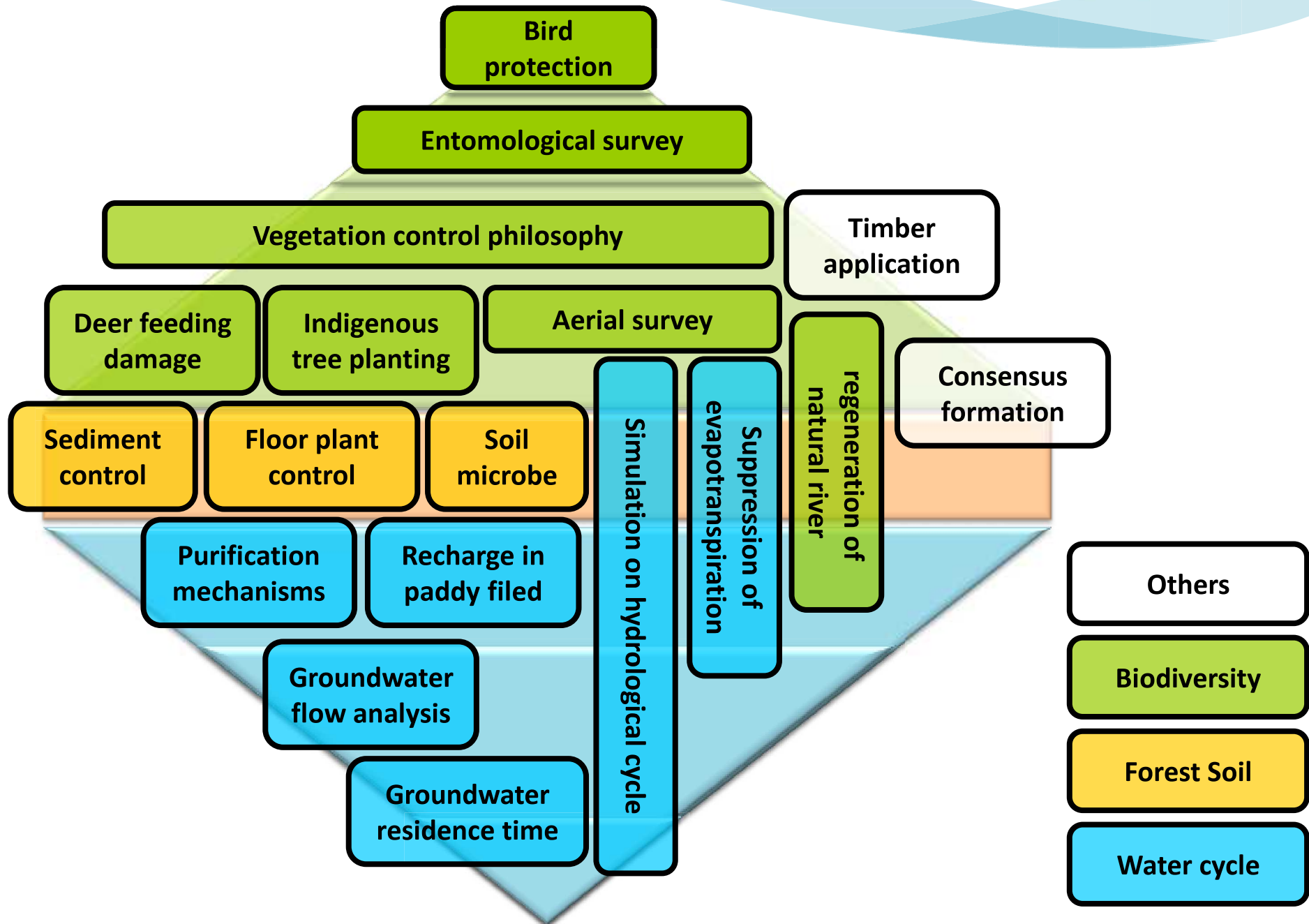
Accomplished in 2011



Natural Water Sanctuary Project



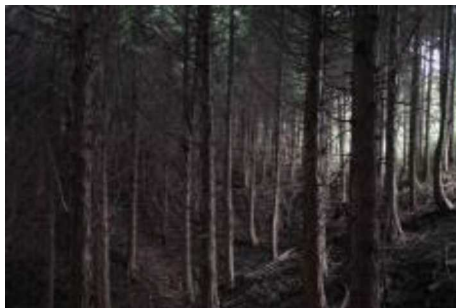
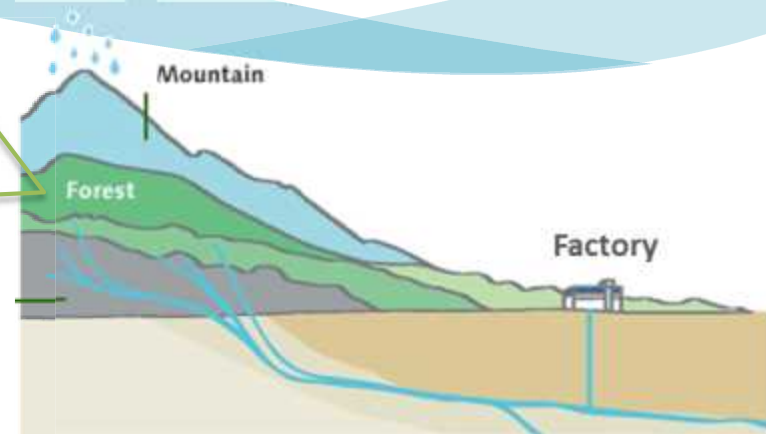
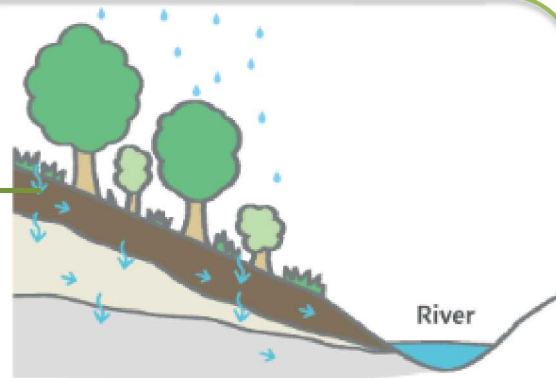
Research Network in Natural Water Sanctuaries



Forest Soil Management

Soft, aerated soil

When a forest has accumulated an abundance of soft soil, it is ready to receive and retain rain like a sponge, allowing the rainwater to soak into the ground.



Unmanaged forest



Thinning



Underbrush (photo by Kawanishi)



Soil disruption



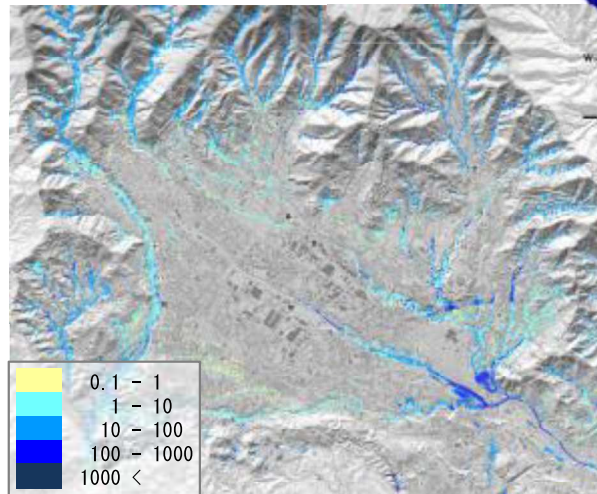
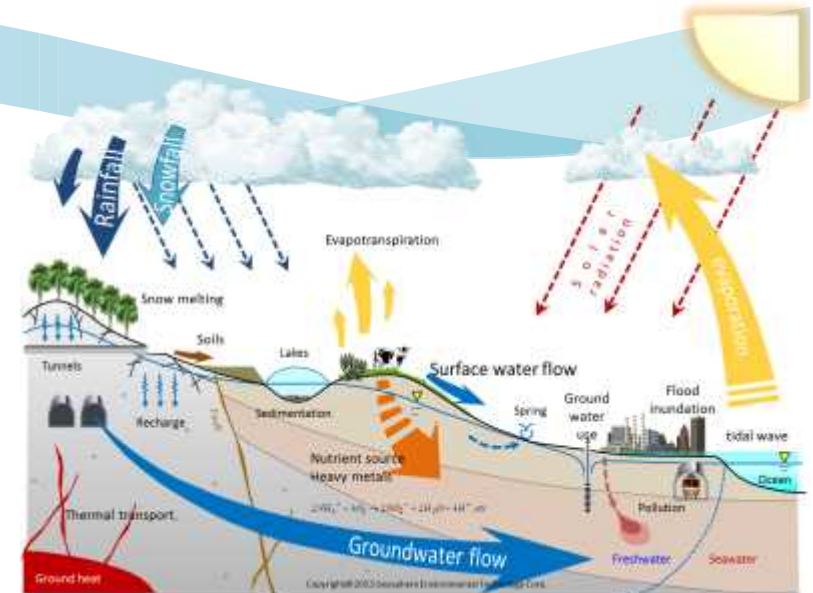
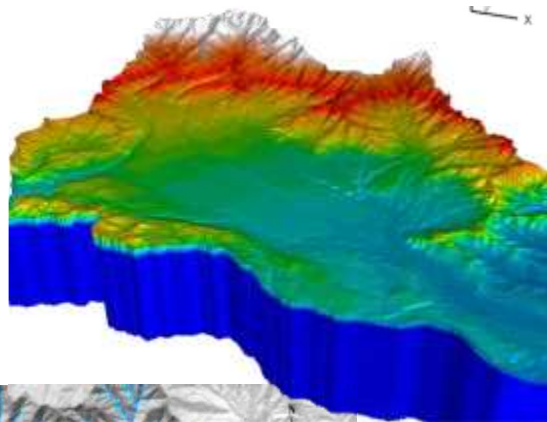
Reforestation



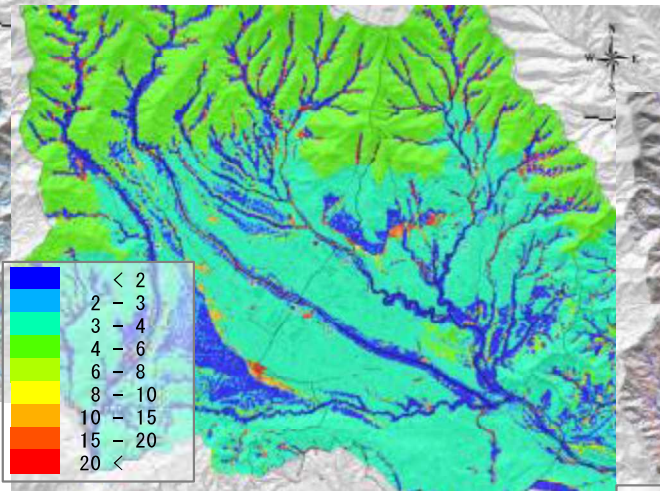
Organic-rich A-horizon layer
(Photo by Ito)

Maximize groundwater recharge by preparing forest soils

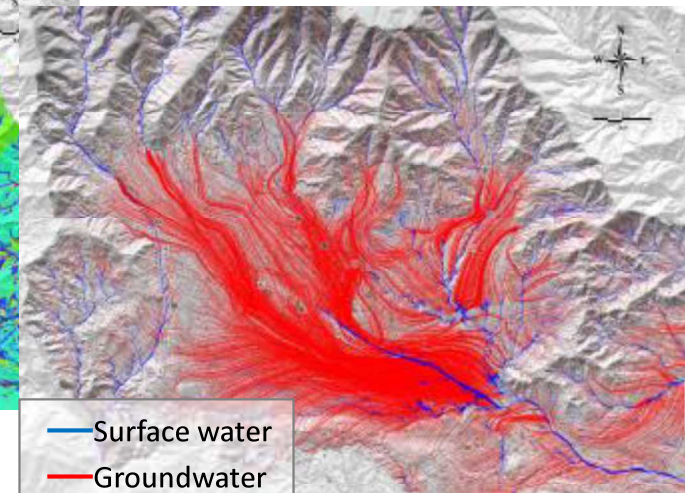
Groundwater Flow Simulation



Runoff (mm/d)



Recharge rate (mm/d)

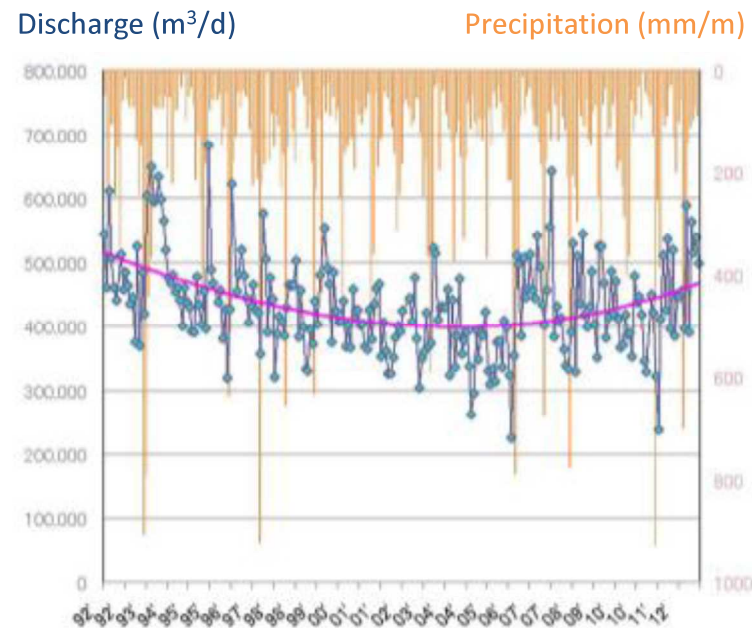
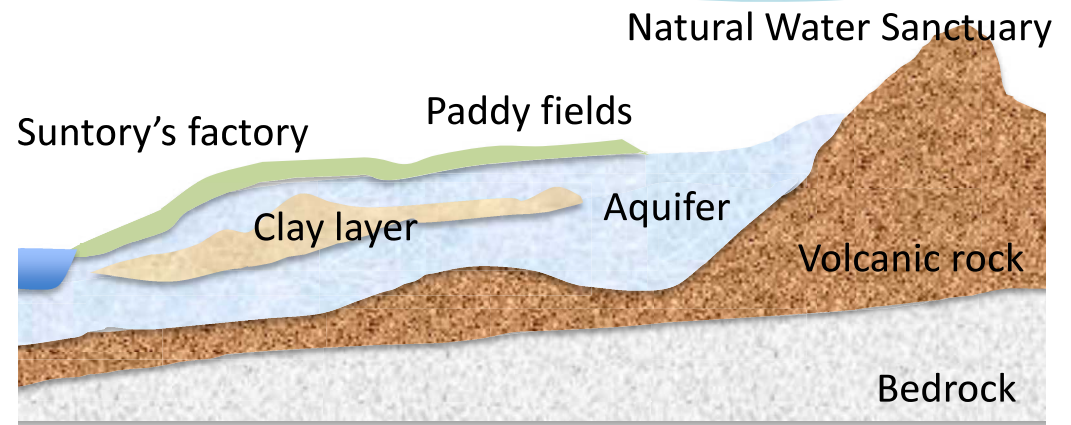


Pathways

(Modified from Hadano city, Kanagawa pref.)

- Effect of forest management on groundwater
- Contamination risk assessment
- Water resource management with local community

Groundwater Recharge in Paddy Fields



Data from Ichikawa (2013)



Birds and water creatures

Improve groundwater recharge
Improve biodiversity
Improve rice yield & quality??



Thank you for your kind attention!

