

# Giving back to society through outstanding research findings

## Linking research institutions with the world of industry

### Industry/academic collaboration drives market effect of around 686 billion yen!

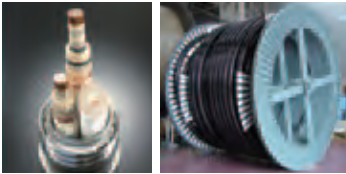
To enable the outstanding research findings created at universities and public research institutions to be incorporated into objects useful in our daily lives, cooperation with corporations is essential. Actually, no matter how remarkable some research outcomes may be, in many cases they often never reach the wider world, for a range of reasons. In order to solve this problem, JST offers support for development contracting, commissioned development, and more, as a builder of bridges between research institutions and the world of industry. JST is also involved in business promoting the establishment of venture corporations. **The market effect of all this effort is around 686 billion yen, with at least 296 venture corporations established as a result of JST's business efforts**, representing a significant economic impact.

### Some examples of developed outcomes of industry/academic collaborative research

\*Names of research institutions, corporations and support programs are as of the time of support implementation

Manufacture of synthetic quartz crystals	A.D. Since 1958 1959	High luminance red LEDs
 <p>1959 ▶ Contract development <b>University of Yamanashi &amp; Epson Toyocom</b> Crystal oscillators (radio, televisions, clocks, computers, mobile phones) etc.</p>		 <p>1972 ▶ Contract development <b>Tohoku University &amp; Stanley Electric</b> Display devices, such as large and small screen displays</p>
 <p>1977 ▶ Contract development <b>Tohoku University &amp; Hitachi Metals (&amp; others)</b> Electrical transformers on telephone poles, magnetic components for electronic devices</p>	1972 1977	 <p>1980 ▶ Contract development <b>Toray</b> Interferon drugs (medication to treat brain tumors, malignant melanomas, hepatitis B, etc.)</p>
 <p>1981 ▶ ERATO/Licensed 1988 ▶ Contract development <b>ERATO Ogata Fine Polymer Project/ Matsushita Electrical Components</b> Developing high added-value graphite material from molecules such as polyamides. Used in heat diffusion devices for electronics etc.</p>	1980 1981 1986	 <p>1986 ▶ Contract development <b>Nagoya University &amp; Toyoda Gosei</b> Received the Nobel Prize in Physics (Isamu Akasaki, Hiroshi Amano) Display devices, such as large and small screen displays</p>

### Manufacturing technology of oxide superconductor material



1990 ▶ Contract development  
**The University of Tokyo (& others) & Sumitomo Electrical Industries**

Superconductive cable, superconductive motors etc.

### Manufacturing technology of polymers with phospholipid polar group



1993 ▶ Contract development  
**The University of Tokyo, Tokyo Medical and Dental University, Nof**

Used in contact lenses, cosmetics, medical materials, etc.

### Manufacturing technology for <sup>18</sup>O-labeled water (as a PET diagnostic agent)



2000 ▶ Contract development  
**Tokyo Institute of Technology & Taiyo Nippon Sanso**

Contributing to early detection and treatment of cancer as a material for use in PET examinations

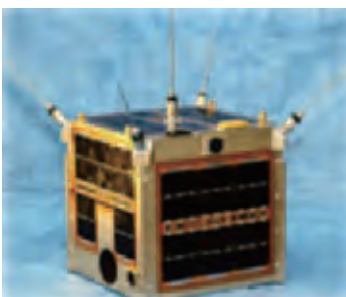
### Artificial hip joint with long-term reliability



2004 ▶ Contract development  
**Chubu University & Japan Medical Materials**

Improving quality of life for patients with rheumatism or hip joint problems

### Leading the next generation space business of ultra compact satellites with low-cost and short-term development



2006 ▶ University-generated venture  
**Axelspace Corporation**

Leading the next generation space business of ultra compact satellites with low-cost and short-term development

A.D.

1990

1991

1993

1998

2000

2003

2004

2006

2010

### Manufacturing optically-active alcohol variants



1991 ▶ ERATO

1998 ▶ Contracted/licensed

**Kanto Kagaku & Takasago Internationals**



Practical application of re-search findings that re-ceived the 2001 Nobel Prize for Chemistry (Ryoji Noyori). Can be used as raw materials for medical/agrochemical in-termediates etc.

### Creating environmental technology by developing original optical materials



1998 ▶ Regional consolidation

**Kanagawa Academy of Science and Technology & others**

The ability to break down photocatalysts is utilized in air clean-ing devices, construc-tion materials, etc.

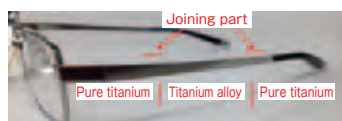
### Retinoic acid nanoparticles



2003 ▶ Pre-venture  
**Nanoegg**

Effective results anti-ci-pated not only for cos-metic uses, but also medical uses.

### High-quality and high-efficiency process technology of titanium alloy with high-brightness laser adaptive control



2010 ▶ A-STEP Seeds Development Type

**Osaka University & CHARMANT**

Commercialization of high performance eyeglass frame with unprecedented precise design and an unique structure combining different materials.